

The Ypsilantian

TWENTY-SEVENTH YEAR.

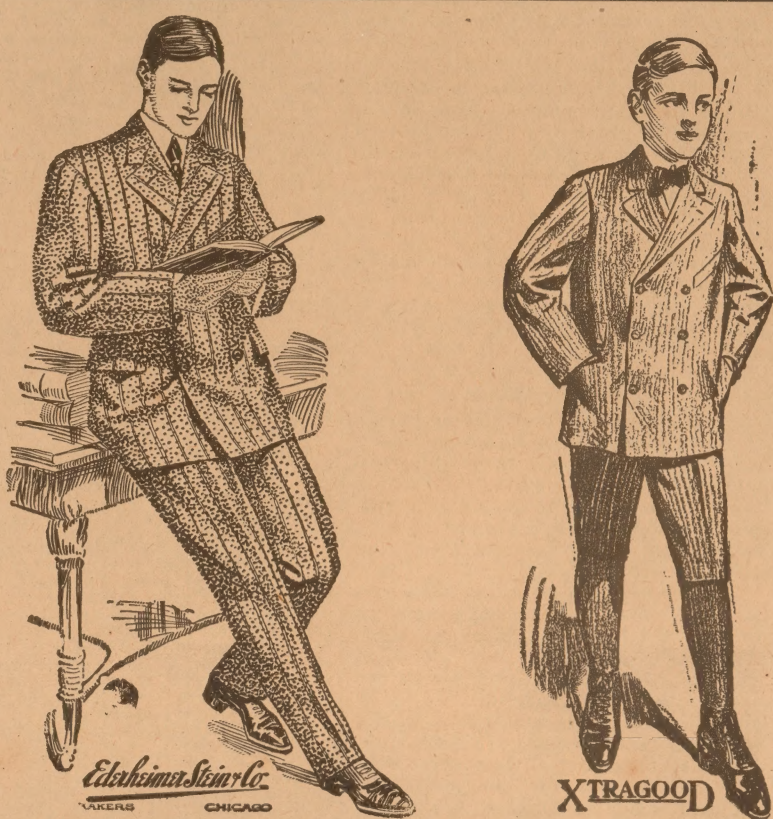
YPSILANTI, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, AUG. 30, 1906.

NUMBER 1391

No Special Sale

in our Bargain Basement this week, but you will always find special bargains there. Look here before you buy for your kitchen. Remember, nothing over 10 cents here.

Davis & Kishlar



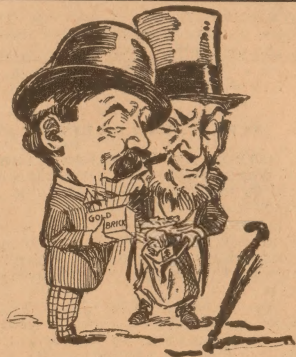
Young Men's and Boys' School Suits

We have made great preparations for the opening of the school year, and are prepared to show an unusually large assortment of School Clothes for Boys and Young Men—a line of suits not only made for appearance but for service—the kind we can guarantee.

Young Men's Long Pants Suits of fancy cassimeres, worsteds and serges,	\$5.00 to \$18.00
Double-breasted Jacket Knee Pants Suits,	\$2.00 to \$6.50
Double-breasted Norfolk Suits,	\$3.00 to \$8.00
Boys' Knee Pants,	.50 to \$2.00
Young Men's Long Pants,	\$1.00 to \$4.50

Black Cat Stockings at 15c and 25c.
Fall Hats and Caps in many shapes and shades.

C. S. WORTLEY & Co



P. C. Sherwood & Son The Shoemen

SCHOOL BOOKS

Everything in the line of School Supplies, including many good secondhand books. Bring your orders for these to

...FRANK SMITH...

Ypsilanti Produce Market.

Price paid by dealers.	
Prices on cereals and wool are given by Moor-	
man & Huston.	
YPSILANTI, August 30, 1906.	
Wheat.....	68 1/2
Corn, ears.....	35 1/2
do, shelled.....	52 1/2
Oats, new.....	32 1/2
Rye.....	50 1/2
Barley, 4 cwt.....	80 1/2
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs.....	1 00 1/2
Clover seed.....	5 00 1/2
Timothy seed.....	1 75 1/2
Hay.....	5 00 1/2
Beans.....	1 00 1/2
Potatoes, new.....	40
Butter.....	18
Eggs.....	17
Honey.....	10-12
Tallow.....	4
Lard.....	10
Pork, live.....	6
Pork, dressed.....	8 1/2
Beef, dressed.....	5 1/2
Hides, 4 B.....	12
Wool unwashed.....	30 1/2
Spring chickens, live, 4 B.....	11
Fowls.....	8
Turkeys, live.....	16

MERE MENTION.

The Ypsilantian Telephones—Office No. 116; residence, No. 125—2 r.

If you have a house and lot or any other property for sale or rent, try a three-line ad. in The Ypsilantian. Three insertions for 25 cents. It brings good results.

Mrs. Alice Flint and daughter Mary of Novi have rented the house at 407 Ellis street.

Mrs. Laura Chambers spent last week at Macon.

Mrs. M. S. Pomeroy spent last week at Bridgewater.

H. W. Hadley and daughter Katherine of Belvedere, Ill., spent Friday in Ypsilanti on their way home from the east. Mr. Hadley was many years ago a resident of Ypsilanti, and had not visited the city for several years. He had been east to attend a family re-union and said that the heat there has been intense.

Miss Lucy Davis left Saturday for San Diego, Cal., where she will teach music and drawing in the State Normal School. Miss Davis has been a successful teacher and will fill the position with credit.

Winifred and Louis Wallace left last week for a trip through Texas.

Miss Vivian Gilpin has returned from Grand Rapids.

Mr. and Mrs. F. I. Carpenter have returned to Baltimore, Md.

Governor Warner has issued his official proclamation for Labor day, which occurs this year on Monday, Sept. 3. He urges all to abstain from labor on that day, and that all join with one another in the worthy observance of labor's own holiday.

Miss Celeste Eddy left Saturday for a three weeks' stay at Lansing.

Harry Rice, an employee of R. D. Baker, was brought out from Detroit Friday night, charged with larceny of a quantity of hay from Matthew Green. He pleaded guilty and paid \$17.00 the price of the hay and some other bills, and then departed.

Lightning struck the house of Mail Carrier Sam Fletcher Thursday afternoon, but did not do much damage, except to burn out the 'phone and tear the window casing to pieces and did not even set fire to the muslin curtain over the window.

President Jones attended a meeting of the state board of education at Lansing Friday.

Born, Aug. 24, to Mr. and Mrs. Clair Congdon, a son.

Miss C. S. Weed, renewing her subscription from Cedar Rapids, Ia., writes of the many chronicles of deaths in Ypsilanti this summer that have brought so much of sadness, that she opens the paper with dread of some new loss.

Robert Dale, vagrant, was sentenced to the Detroit House of Correction for 65 days by Justice Gunn Friday. Prosecutor Sawyer endorsed the warrant.

Jupiter Pluvius turned the water into the Culebra cut on Oak street before the work was ready, and lo! the result! A large transfer of real estate to Short Oak on the west side of River.

Prof. and Mrs. Fred G. Ellis returned to Omaha, Neb., Friday, after spending the summer with relatives in Ypsilanti.

Rev. J. W. Saunders of Cassopolis was the guest of Rev. J. E. Lyons last week.

Mrs. Charles Damon visited Miss Sarah Nolan in Detroit last week.

Mrs. Delia Hammond of Augusta was an Ypsilanti visitor Saturday.

Hugh McGregor returned last week from an extended visit at Alpena.

Miss Lou Shipman has returned from Bancroft.

Mrs. A. A. Parsons has been entertaining her sister, Miss Bertha Wellman of Lansing.

A. C. Adams and daughters, Ruby and Mildred, of Cleveland, were guests of Mrs. C. W. Mansfield last week.

Miss Evelyn Thomson returned last week from Island Lake.

Mrs. Edwin Henwood returned Saturday to Brantford, Ont., and Miss Jennie Lamb accompanied her.

George Cook and family visited at Cleveland last week.

In 1851 Mr. Scott Colby left the State of New York to try his fortune in Michigan. He settled on a farm in Van Buren township, near Denton, where, on ac-

count of the primitive forest about him, his only outlook was straight above his head. On this farm he has lived 55 years, and been an important factor in the changes that have taken place since that date. Last Monday, August 27, he was 75 years old, and a glad reunion of his family, consisting of three sons and their wives, and two grandchildren, took place. Mr. Colby is yet vigorous and has the promise of many years in store. His many friends send greetings and best wishes for the years to come.

Hon. Martin G. Loenneker, for six terms mayor of Jackson, who died of diabetes at Los Angeles, Cal., Friday, aged 60, will be recalled as the Democratic candidate for congress who ran against Henry C. Smith in 1898. He was a cigar manufacturer in Jackson.

Mrs. C. W. Mansfield, Miss Abbie Pearce and Miss Ruth Cleary left Tuesday for Cleveland.

Bert Stitt spent Tuesday in Detroit with Col. Soule and Verne S. Bennett of the Soule Business College faculty at New Orleans, La. Mr. Stitt will teach in that college the coming year.

Miss Mabel Vail left Monday for Chicago, enroute to Los Angeles, Cal., after spending the summer here.

Milo Ehnman and family are spending the week in Detroit and Toledo.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Beall and Miss Elizabeth Ableson are in New York this week on a business trip.

W. K. Wilson of Syracuse, N. Y., is visiting his mother, Mrs. A. K. Wilson.

Rev. J. G. Anderson and Walter S. Haynes left for Coldwater yesterday to attend the annual Free Methodist conference.

Mrs. Theodore Wheelock and baby left yesterday for their home in South McAllister, I. T.

Mrs. W. F. Blanchard and Misses Mary and Elsie McKay left Monday for Mackinac Island.

Mrs. Thomas Juzek of Elgin, Ill., is the guest of Ypsilanti relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin L. Hynes left Tuesday for their home in New York city.

Miss Hazel McCormick, who has been visiting her cousin, Miss Emma Minor, left Monday for her home in Fargo, N. Dak.

Miss Millie Mitchell, who has been with F. K. Rexford Sons, left this week for Lansing to become assistant teacher of sewing in the School for the Blind.

Mrs. Stevens, who has been visiting Mrs. M. Stitt left Monday for Manchester.

Don Densmore of Mason has been visiting his father, G. W. Densmore.

Adam Schlacht of Denton died Sunday, aged 66 years. He was a native of Germany. He leaves a widow and four children, one of whom, Will Schlacht, is a clerk for Davis & Co. The funeral was held yesterday at Denton.

Hugh McGregor has gone to Kansas for the Price Cereal Co. of Chicago.

Mr. Fred Daley has returned from Evanston, Ill., where he has been studying this summer.

Miss Clara Sweet entertained twenty young ladies Friday afternoon in honor of Miss Grace Corazzi, whose marriage to Richard F. Keeler of Detroit will take place Sept. 12. The guests wrote recipes which were collected into a book for the bride-elect, and there was music by Misses Lucile Brown and Muriel Webb.

A delicious three-course supper was served at small tables, Mrs. Elmer Allen, Mrs. Charles Sweet and Mrs. Neil Corazzi assisting. Each place card bore a toast that its owner responded to as the loving cup went round.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur H. Smith of Madison, Wis., are guests of Mrs. Helen C. Swift.

Mrs. Frank Henry of Wayne was in the city Tuesday.

School commissioner Foster has called a meeting of rural school teachers for Saturday, Sept. 1, at the court house, Ann Arbor, to receive instruction on the truancy law and other subjects connected with the course of study and management of the schools.

Prof. John A. Miller of Evanston, Ill., is the guest of S. W. Parsons.

Charles Cleary leaves to-morrow for Niagara Falls.

C. S. Wortley returned Monday from his western trip.

Miss Minnie Oliff of Clio visited relatives here Monday on her way to Calumet, where she will teach.

Miss Blanche Rexford entertained Tuesday evening in honor of her cousin, Miss Blanche Howard of Lansing.

Miss Estabrook Rankin has taken a position with Martin Dawson.

Mrs. William Densmore is visiting her grandchildren in Mason and Dansville.

W. T. Van Buren has bought the Conkright place and equipment on the Ridge road and moved there yesterday.

J. E. McGregor and daughter Alice are at Niagara Falls.

Miss Amy Burr has returned from Dexter.

Roy E. Spencer has been elected instructor in English and Philosophy for one year in the University of Missouri.

It is hoped to get the first of the new transformers at the Ypsi-Ann power house installed within a week. Supt. J. L. Millsap has returned from his vacation, which he spent in short trips to

Cleveland, Machinac, etc. Assistant Supt. John Nichol has resigned to take effect Sept. 1, and his work will be distributed among the others.

Mrs. C. S. Smith of Washington, D. C., was the guest of Mrs. Wilson Friday.

Rev. A. G. Beach and family returned from Old Mission Tuesday.

Rev. C. C. McIntire returned from Indiana, Monday.

Miss May Creech leaves Friday for Marine City.

The Sigma Nu Phi sorority have rented the Minor house on Washington St. for the winter. Miss Minor will spend the winter with friends at Marquette.

Miss Anna McCarthy has returned from Spring Lake.

Miss Winifred Childs returns this week from a short stay in the Adirondacks.

Paul and Frank Kennedy of Detroit have been visiting their uncle, Rev. Fr. Kennedy.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Haggerty of Beaumont, Tex. are visiting James Herick. Mr. Haggerty says the Beaumont oil wells have ceased to flow and the oil has to be pumped.

Misses Emma Holmes and Elizabeth Sweet leave this week for their school work at Pontiac.

Miss Gertrude Peet of Iosco is visiting Miss Emma Minor on her way to enter St. Mary's academy at Monroe.

Miss Marion Holmes goes to Blue Island, Ill., and Miss Anna Holmes to Hammond, Ind., this week, for the school year.

C. L. Yost is attending the Bryan reception in New York this week.

Miss Georgia Amsden is visiting her sister in Chicago.

Mrs. L. M. James and children have returned from Portage Lake.

Mrs. W. P. Brooks and children returned Saturday from a visit with Mrs. Henry Miller at Chaska, Minn.

Rev. Eugene Allen and family have been spending the week in Pontiac.

W. H. Sweet left for New York to buy winter goods Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Lawrence and son and Mrs. Fred Horner and children returned Saturday from Portage Lake.

The public schools open Tuesday, September 4. Supt. Arbaugh and Principal Quillen will be at the office Friday from 1 to 4, to classify students now entering the High School.

Mrs. H. H. Webb and Mrs. C. L. Beagle have returned from Long Lake.

Miss Martha Rappelye has gone to teach at the Soo.

Mrs. E. E. Wyatt and Geneva Smithe are spending a few weeks at the White Cross Sanitarium, Jackson, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Clement are spending a few days at Lake Orion.

C. S. Wortley & Co. have received an elegant line of new fall neckwear.

Roy Sprague of Farmington spent Tuesday with Grover Thomas on his way to Dakota to teach.

Misses Carrie Strang and Rose Ellis leave this week for Grand Rapids.

Miss Jessie Camp of Traverse City visited her aunt, Miss Lydia Spencer, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Spencer Tuttle of Plattsburg, N. Y., are guests of Mrs. Jay Moore, their niece.

Mrs. James Strachan left yesterday for Detroit and Fenton to spend a few days, but will return here to complete her visit with her sister, Mrs. M. E. Smith, before going to her home at the Soo.

A. M. Clark of Detroit visited A. R. Graves yesterday.

Miss Martha Walker left Monday for Rice City, Tex., to teach.

Prof. F. R. Gorton and family are at Ridgeway.

W. S. Rhodes of Saline has bought eight acres of the Hendricks place on E. Forest Ave., and the Schaffer house on Oak street now occupied by W. P. Brooks.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Gray have returned to Caledonia, N. Y., after visiting Mrs. S. B. Lockwood.

Miss Jennie M. Lewis of this city was married at Spokane, Wash., Aug. 22 to W. M. Carothers of the Brick Hills ranch near there.

Miss Hilda Bloch is visiting at Waltz.

Mrs. K. Bertram is home from Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Bortz are guests of Mrs. Phillips at Reece.

Mark Rust returned via Chicago from Northern Michigan.

Frank Hanlon, formerly of the M. C. freight house, is braking on a way freight.

Miss Agnes Rust has returned from Detroit.

Messrs. and Mesdames T. J. Summers and Clarence Maston are at Portage Lake this week.

Mrs. Ellen Rust of Detroit visited relatives here last week.

The Michigan Central have established a new section, commencing near the Peninsular mills and running west, shortening the Ypsilanti section. Mr. Patterson of Detroit is foreman.

Ald. Deist and family are at Portage Lake.

Miss Grace Comstock is entertaining Mrs. Starkweather of Lansing.

Mrs. T. W. Paton has returned from an extended visit in Canandaigua, N. Y.

THE AMERICAN LADY CORSET

The Ladies' Special Favorite

Has proved to be a great success as being a perfect-fitting, high-grade in quality and beautiful in style.

We carry a large number of models and can fit any form. At present we are having a large sale on

No. 980

PRICE \$1.00

With Hose Supporters

W. H. Sweet & Son.

Sole Agents for Ypsilanti



The National Loan & Investment Co.

DETROIT, MICHIGAN

PAID IN CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

Two Millions Eight Hundred Thousand Dollars

We issue time certificates bearing 4 1/2 per cent net. Interest payable July 1st and January 1st from date of certificate to date of withdrawal.

DURING THE PANIC OF '93

at a time when the business depression of the country was so great that many of the strong financial institutions, including many of the banks of the state, were obliged to suspend or give notice that deposits could only be drawn out after the full time permitted by law had been taken, The National Loan & Investment Company continued to invite its stockholders to withdraw their money whenever their business should require or inclination suggest it, and has done so ever since. In the year 1893, when runs and suspensions were all but universal, the assets of this Company increased over \$500,000.00.

Investors can gain further information by addressing our local representative, Mr. T. T. CLEMENT, Ypsilanti, Mich.

S. B. COLEMAN, President. FRANK B. LELAND, Secretary.

Carpets and Floor Coverings

We carry the largest and most complete line of Carpets and Floor Coverings in Washtenaw County. Our stock consists of

Ingrain Carpetings,
Brussels,
Velvets,
Axminsters,

Oil Cloths, Linoleums and Mattings

All in numberless qualities, designs and colorings. Especially do we call attention to our stock of

RUGS

Various in sizes, quality and design.

F. K. Rexford & Sons

YPSILANTI, MICH.



It is the best school for you to attend. Fine equipment; instruction the very best; living expenses low; graduates placed in good positions—every student coming for business may be sure of succeeding. Same courses by correspondence as at the College; satisfaction guaranteed; particulars on application. P. R. CLEARY, Pres.



PUTNAM & VAN DE WALKER

GENERAL

INSURANCE AGENTS

We have a large, strong stock company which will carry desirable farm property. The rate, \$1.50 for three years, is the cheapest, protection considered. No inspection or policy fee

8-9-10 Savings Bank Building
Phone 240

YPSILANTI, MICH.

The Educational Spirit.

Dr. Andrew S. Draper, writing on the trend of our modern education in Appleton's for August, closes his paper with this significant paragraph:

"No one can foresee the destiny of the republic, but that there is an educational purpose abroad in the land which has never before been so pervasive and so ambitious in any land seems clear. It is the spirit of a mighty people, gathered from the ends of the earth, enlightened by the world experiences of a thousand years. It is the spirit of a people with outlook and expectancy. They expect to use the wealth and the political power of the nation to make certain that every son and daughter of the nation shall have the fullest and freest educational opportunity. The functions of the state concerning every manner of educational activity, in and out of schools, are being steadily enlarged and strengthened through the initiative or the common desire of the multitude. Growing appreciation is giving greater heed to the advanced institutions and bringing them to the aid of all institutions, and therefore to the intellectual quickening of the entire country. Everything that the nation, the state, or the municipality can do to aid true learning, without any injustice, it is to be made to do. And the learning which aids doing, and the culture which is the product of labor, are to be of the most worth."

Minnows and Mosquitoes.

Scientists, who have been battling against mosquitoes with crude oil and other devices for destroying the troublesome and dangerous pests, have come to the conclusion that minnows are of more service than oil in ridding water of mosquitoes. Goldfish have been used with great success in Hawaii in destroying mosquitoes, and a test of the services of toy minnows in the same work has satisfied the scientists that the latter are more efficient, and especially so in stagnant water. Southern cities which have been spending considerable amounts in the purchase of oil for destroying yellow fever mosquitoes, says the Chicago Sun. The city of New Orleans is spending \$60,000 in a campaign against mosquitoes, and the chief city health officer favors the use of minnows rather than any other means that has been tested. Here again a remedy that creation seems to have supplied naturally for the work has been indorsed after much expensive experimenting in other lines.

A New Departure in Banking.

Is the time-honored phrase "in banking hours" to become obsolete? A step, at least, in this direction has been taken in the establishment, in the city of New York, of a bank that never closes except on Sundays and holidays. It does business day and night. At this bank money passes to and fro across the counter from dawn to dawn. What would Father Knickerbocker say to midnight banking? asks the Four-Track News. And yet why not? It is one more great convenience added to modern life. It typifies the spirit of our age. Everything must be ready to our hand. We will not wait until tomorrow for the thing that we want to-day. The buttons of our desires must be where we can press them at will. We telephone, telegraph, travel at midnight—and now we bank at midnight. It is the logic of events; the answer to the onrush of modern life.

John D. Rockefeller is learning tardily the important truth that communion with the world is worth more than great riches, says the Washington Star. For years this man has led a life apart from his fellows. Naturally of a shrinking nature, and secretive to an unusual degree, he has held aloof by means of his money, buying great estates wherein he could lock himself away from the sight of his fellow men, hiring guards to keep the public at a distance, riding in special trains and on private yachts and otherwise maintaining a distance between himself and the ordinary run of men. This very exclusiveness whetted the public curiosity and increased the pressure. Rockefeller made the mistake common to many men of his temperament of thinking to avoid attention by forbidding it.

The average woman would rather have her husband pat her cheek than give her a thousand dollars.—San Francisco Bulletin. Most men, remarks the Chicago Record-Herald, will have to accept this statement as correct, because they have no means of disproving it.

The post office department approves the automobile for rural delivery service, but the carriers are waiting to hear where the bargain counter is located.

A French paper speaks of Secretary Root as "that Yankee intruder" in the affairs of Central and South America. Not an intruder, says the Boston Herald—simply a follower of one James Monroe, and in that capacity a welcome guest.

The fact that there are only about a dozen Americans now in St. Petersburg is an indication that several Americans abroad have decided to do their innocent by-standing in some rather more favorable place.

MICHIGAN EVENTS NOTED

THE MISERABLE LIFE ENDING OF A ONCE BEAUTIFUL WOMAN.

FOUND IN FILTHY HOVEL

Sad Case of Suicide in a Hotel—A Lonely Woman Preferred Death to a Lowly Life.

Shocking Life Story.
Rose Fife, as she now calls herself, 10 years ago one of the most beautiful women in Jackson, a member of the elite of the city and a prominent worker in the First Congregational church, was found Monday ill in an alley in the tenebrous district. Five years ago she suddenly and without known reason dropped out of sight and knowledge of her friends and relatives. Until now her whereabouts were unknown.

Her identity was revealed when an investigation was made by Acting Health Officer W. H. Chalmers. He acted on information furnished by her neighbors. They told him that she was sick, needed assistance, and that her husband was in such a condition that it endangered the health of those living in her district. The health officer found the woman in bed. The stamp of disease was on her face, he says. Her only attendant was a faithful colored woman, Lucy Jones, who had known her when she was prosperous. Rose Fife was once the petted idol of a fond and wealthy husband. He died some years ago of a broken heart, his friends say.

Rose was taken to a hospital. She will not recover, the doctor says.

Suicide Was Deliberate.

"I am tired of living. I am alone in the world and have nothing to live for. There is no need of a postmortem for I am going to take two ounces of chloroform and turn on the gas." This message to the public was left by a woman who registered as Mrs. M. Milham in a room of a Kalamazoo hotel Saturday afternoon, and was found in a dying condition. She had made good the first part of her threat but had failed to turn on the gas.

Mrs. Milham came to the hotel Saturday and registered from Otsego. This was at 2 p. m., and she was not seen or heard from again until 12:30 Sunday, when a man named Richard Short, who proved to be her brother, informed the clerk for her. The door of her room was found locked and was forced open. The would-be suicide was found disrobed on the bed. The dying woman was taken to her brother's home. It is stated that she cannot survive.

She evidently had expected her brother to call, as she left a note addressed to Ed. Williams in case her brother, Frank Short, failed to inquire for her. This note reads:

"Bury me in the clothing I leave in the room. Give my watch to mother and mail the letter on the table."

Another portion of the letter read: "I saw Johnny in the band tonight and his face was the last friendly one I ever saw."

Who Johnny is is unknown.

Mrs. Milham was a divorced woman, formerly of Kalamazoo, and apparently about 30 years old.

Three Dry Days.

Law is going to make a Sahara out of Michigan, with many an oasis, for three days in succession so far as the saloons are concerned. A three days drought is certain on Sunday, Monday and Tuesday of the first week of September.

A Sweet Subject.

According to one of the local incorporators of the Michigan Sugar Co., there are other and more important persons interested in the combine than the stockholders. In the combine interest does not appear in the articles filed at Lansing. He says the incorporators are merely trustees of the various companies appointed to make the transfer of stock necessary to effect a consolidation of the majority interests.

Remarkable Escape.

Edward Hanlon, aged 10 years, of Port Huron, had a miraculous escape from death Thursday afternoon, when, he fell from an electric light pole, 30 feet, to the ground. He had grasped two wires, carrying 110 volts of electricity. His hands were frightfully burned, the flesh peeling off to the bone in places. One finger of his left hand had to be amputated at the hospital. He is in a serious condition, but will probably recover.

Blind, Penniless and Lost.

Blind and penniless, Joseph Williams is missing from the county home at Menominee. His relatives fear he wandered away and is dead. He was rendered practically helpless by an accident, but for five years assisted in his family's pursuits by giving gramophone concerts. He was formerly a Canadian woodsman and was hurt in the woods.

Cleveland reports four deaths from heat Wednesday.

The city of Flint expected to lay about seven miles of new water mains this summer, but none will be laid. The pipe factories are tied up with the rush of orders and have informed the city that no shipments will be made here until October 1.

The will of the late H. B. La Tour-ette, of Flint, was filed in the probate court Saturday. The bequests are as follows: To his widow, \$100,000; Kalamazoo college, \$2,000; Baptist ministers' society of Ponton, \$1,000, and the Baptist church of Ponton, \$500.

A monument is being made by the Monroe Marble works to mark the grave of the late Judge Isaac P. Christy.

Three excursions on the Michigan Central railroad brought nearly 2,000 visitors to the State Agricultural college Thursday.

AROUND THE STATE.

Sad Ending of Fishing Trip.

Mrs. Chaney Van Orman met a tragic death in the waters of Cedar creek, a tributary of the Muskegon river, Friday evening. In the same accident which brought a sad ending to a fishing outing, the woman's husband and a friend, George Richardson, narrowly escaped a like fate. They endured extreme anguish of mind and body before rescued.

The party went up Cedar creek on a fishing trip Thursday. While returning Friday evening, and when about five miles from Muskegon, the boat upset and the occupants were precipitated into the fast running waters. Mrs. Van Orman was quickly drowned. The husband, who is 68 years of age, managed to fight his way to a small driftwood island in the middle of the creek, where he lay until noon when he was rescued. Richardson, who is 25 years of age, found his way into the marshy swamps which border the creek, in which he wandered until afternoon, when he reached the outskirts of the city, almost crazed.

A rescue party set out in a launch for the scene of the accident, where they found Van Orman, really more dead than alive.

Mrs. Van Orman was 65 years of age. She and her husband lived retired in a humble way.

The Babe Was Killed.

While attempting to save the life of her 3-year-old daughter, Mrs. Mary Levi, of Chicago, was badly injured and her 8-months-old child, whom she held in her arms, was killed instantly.

Mrs. Levi, with her husband and children, were resorting at Eastman Springs. They were wandering through the fruit orchards when the eldest daughter climbed up on the track of the interurban railway line, eighty feet in advance of a swiftly moving car.

Mrs. Levi, seeing the approaching car, sprang upon the track, with her babe in her arms, and attempted to pull her daughter from danger.

She was too late. The heavy car struck the group of three, injuring the babe so that it died in a few moments and badly injuring both Mrs. Levi and her daughter.

The daughter is suffering from a fracture of the skull and may not recover. Mrs. Levi herself is in a less dangerous condition.

Bathers Battle.

On the bathing beach, at Muskegon, before several hundred people, a jealous wife belabored a young woman, her supposed rival for her husband's attentions. The husband had been teaching the young woman how to swim, and when she tired he carried her in his arms to the shore. His wife was waiting. A policeman separated them after the young woman's bathing suit had been nearly torn from her.

MICHIGAN IN BRIEF.

William Colby's lumber mill on Thunder Bay river, burned. Loss \$2,000.

The Camden and Northwest Grange fair will be held on the first grounds Sept. 25 to 28, inclusive.

John M. Caulfield, promoter of the Elkhardt, Three Rivers & Kalamazoo Interurban railway, reports he has succeeded in securing the right of way.

Benjamin Randolph, a Lapeer painter, mistook carbolic acid for whisky. He ran to a doctor, who saved him by pumping him out. His mouth was badly burned.

Miss Anna Belle Hill, of Waco, Tex., sustained a broken collar bone, and had her scalp torn and her body badly bruised by being thrown on a rock pile when her horse ran away. She is a resort at Omena.

Residents near the Huron Packing Co., of Port Huron, applied to the circuit court for an injunction restraining the company from continuing its business, claiming that the odors arising from the plant are offensive.

George H. Gray, a former member of the drug firm of Field & Gray, died suddenly from heart trouble just before going on the operating table in Alpena. One son and a daughter, Marion Gray, of Detroit, survive.

Once possessed of \$20,000 in cash and 320 acres of land, Daniel B. Ayres was taken to the Jackson county house Saturday. He was well educated, but it is said he lost his money because he was a failure as a farmer.

Eugene Ott, a chain hand, terrorized people in Grand Rapids' busiest thoroughfares Sunday afternoon, by blazing away with a revolver at everything in sight till a policeman arrested him. Miss Maud Visey, riding in an auto with Dr. A. M. Webster, was shot in the neck. He fired three shots at the machine. It is believed he is insane.

Justice Battiford, of Battle Creek, suspended sentence on Elmer Dunstan out of pity for his family. Dunstan admitted being a heavy drinker and having pounded his frail wife. She and her three babies followed him into court, and when the justice learned that they have been ordered out of their home for non-payment of rent he set the man free.

J. D. Sorter, a Michigan Central brakeman, fell from his train near Sandstone Sunday and was not missed until later. A member of the crew of the fast passenger train saw him lying near the track, stopped the train and he was brought to the city. He is now in the White Cross sanitarium suffering from a fractured right ankle, dislocated shoulder and other injuries. Sorter's home is near Coldwater.

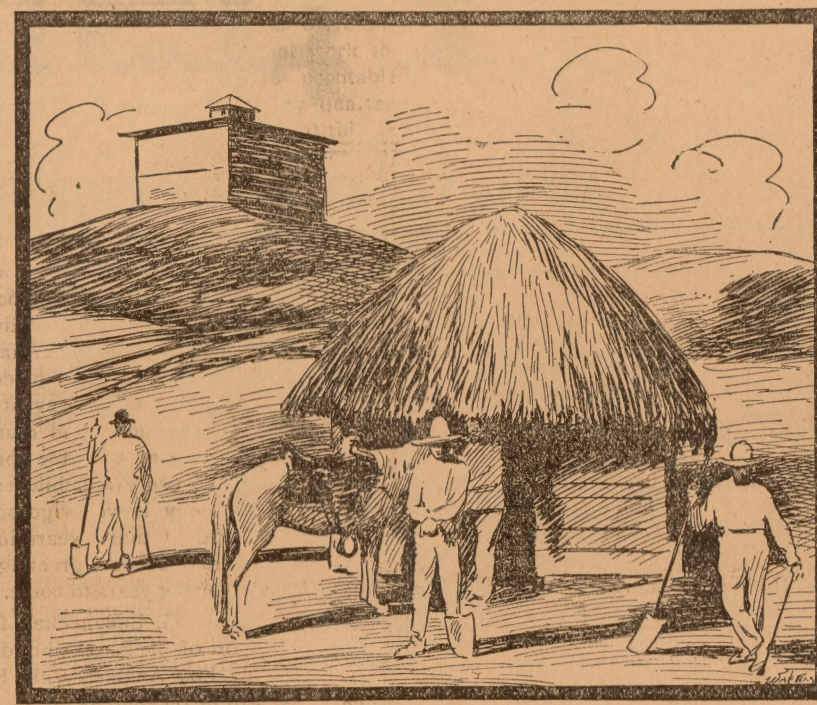
Gov. Warner appointed F. D. Linkletter, of the Agricultural college, a delegate to the National Irrigation congress at Boise, Ida., September 3. The governor will name fourteen more delegates if men can be found who are willing to serve without compensation or expenses.

The new Detroit city directory for the year commencing August 1, 1906, contains 175,218 individual names, which multiplied by 2 1/2, the ratio which has hitherto been found to correctly embrace the names of women and children not included in the directory, indicates a total population of 439,045.

Mrs. John Schinsky, living in Buena Vista township, thinks that Fred C. Shinn, who was accidentally drowned in Detroit Tuesday, is her brother. Mrs. Schinsky can give no reason why her brother should have gone under the name of Charles Wallace.

C. A. Johnson, who committed suicide in Bay City because his wife would not return to live with him, resided in Lapeer for about 15 months. His wife was formerly Mrs. George Moore, known as "Fiddle" Moore. They separated and Moore married again, but is now dead. While there Johnson was insanely jealous of her.

BLOCKHOUSE ON OUTSKIRTS OF CITY OF PINAR DEL RIO, CUBA, AROUND WHICH ONE OF FIRST BATTLES OF CUBAN REVOLUTION RAGED.



FAVORS REFORM SPELLING

PRESIDENT INDORSES THE CARNEGIE MOVEMENT.

Orders Adoption of System in All Official Documents of the Government.

Oyster Bay, N. Y.—President Roosevelt has indorsed the Carnegie spelling reform movement. He issued orders Friday to Public Printer Stillings that hereafter all messages from the president and all other documents emanating from the white house shall be printed in accordance with the recommendation of the spelling reform committee, headed by Brander Matthews, professor of English at Columbia university. This committee has published a list of 300 words in which the spelling is reformed.

This list contains such words as "thru" and "tho" as the spelling for "through" and "though." The president's official sanction of this reform movement is regarded as the most effective and speediest method of inaugurating the new system of spelling throughout the country. Not only will the printed documents emanating from the president utilize the reform spelling, but his correspondence also will be spelled in the new style.

Secretary Loeb has sent for the list of 300 words which have been reformed and upon its arrival will immediately order all correspondence of the president and of the executive force of the white house spelled in accordance therewith. As the spelling reform committee shall adopt new reforms they will be added to the president's list and also to that of the public printer.

While the order to the printer does not contemplate an immediate reform in the spelling of official documents from the executive departments in Washington, it is regarded that more than likely the respective heads of the department will fall in line with the president's ideas and have their official documents printed in the new spelling.

AMERICAN NETS ARE DESTROYED

Fishermen Complain of Action of Canadian Cruiser in Lake Erie.

Washington.—Capt. Ross, chief of the revenue cutter service of the treasury department, Wednesday reported to Acting Secretary Murray of the department of commerce and labor, that he had received advices that the Canadian cruiser Vigilant was destroying the nets of American fishermen in Lake Erie.

The reports of the fishermen indicate that the nets were set well with in American waters.

Complaints were filed by the fishermen with the American authorities. The matter will be reported to the state department and probably will constitute the subject of an exchange between the American and Canadian governments.

LYNCHING JURY FAILS TO AGREE

Little Likelihood of State Continuing Case at Springfield, Mo.

Springfield, Mo.—The jury in the case of Doss Galbraith, the alleged leader of the mob which lynched and burned three negroes here in April last, and who was on trial charged with second degree murder, was discharged by the court Friday when it reported that its members were unable to agree.

After the jury was discharged its members freely admitted that a vote stood ten for acquittal and two for conviction. Twenty ballots were taken and there was no change after the first ballot.

It is not believed the state will try the case again.

Little Girl Robs Father.

Kokomo, Ind.—Lucy Hill, 11 years old, daughter of Frank Hill, took \$140 from a dresser bought new clothes, jewelry and a ticket to Dallas, Tex. She was reported in Oklahoma. She will return.

Find Rebel Arsenal.

Hamburg.—A search of the room occupied by a young Russian who was arrested here disclosed quantities of explosive, revolvers and bills of lading for ammunition and explosive to Baltic ports.

Molders' Strike Is Off.

Manchester, England.—The threatened strike of iron molders in the engineering trade of Manchester and southeast Lancashire has been averted. The molders have accepted an advance of 25 cents.

Visible Supply of Cotton.

New Orleans.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's supply of cotton shows a total of 1,875,757, against 1,976,713 last week. Of this the total of American cotton is 943,757 against 997,713 last week.

SAYS REBATES WERE PAID.

Standard Oil and Railroad Company Indicted in New York.

Jamestown, N. Y.—The federal grand jury investigating alleged violations of the Elkins rebate law by the Standard Oil company, the Pennsylvania Railroad company, and the New York Central Railroad company in the state met here Friday and returned two indictments, one against the Standard Oil company, the other against the New York Central.

The charges against the Central are covered in a single count, although, according to the theory of the prosecution, the company equally is guilty with the Pennsylvania company in granting rebates. The charge of failure to file with the interstate commerce commission, as required by law, a schedule of rates, which evidence taken by the grand jury indicates, was maintained.

The Standard Oil company was again indicted on a charge of accepting unlawful and discriminating freight rates on shipments of oil over the Pennsylvania, the New York Central and the Vermont Central railroad companies.

The indictments are closely related to those found by the state jury two weeks ago against the Standard Oil company and the Pennsylvania in the matter of discriminating rates for oil shipped by the Standard from Olean to Burlington, Vt. All of such shipments were over the Pennsylvania from Olean to Rochester; over the New York Central from Rochester to Norwood, N. Y., and over the Vermont Central from Norwood, to its destination.

KERMIT ROOSEVELT IN WRECK

Son of President Slightly shaken, but Wires He Is All right.

St. Paul, Minn.—Relayed for several hours, but uninjured by the wreck of the North Coast limited, upon which he was coming east from a visit to his father's old ranch at Medora, N. D., Kermit Roosevelt and his young friend, John Heard, reached St. Paul Sunday afternoon.

The accident to the train on which young Roosevelt was riding occurred at Berea, a small station west of Valley City, and was caused by a split switch. Five coaches were derailed but none of the passengers were seriously injured.

Young Roosevelt, who occupied a compartment sleeper, was somewhat shaken up, but otherwise experienced no ill-effects. He at once wired the president at Oyster Bay that he was "all right."

OHIO IS AFTER TWO-CENT FARE

Board Invites Passenger Officials to Confer on Reduced Rate.

Columbus, O.—The Ohio railroad commission will take up the question of applying the two-cent fare law to interstate traffic on Ohio roads at once.

The commission has called a conference of the passenger officials of Ohio railroads to be held in this city August 30, when an effort will be made to secure an amicable adjustment of the controversy.

Failing in this the commission will file formal complaint with the interstate commerce commission.

The Ohio railroads now base all interstate rates on the old rate of three cents a mile.

Two Killed in a Collision.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Two trainmen were killed and three injured in a head-on collision of heavy ore trains near Milltown, on the Bessemer & Lake Erie railroad. The trains met on a curve while running 60 miles an hour. Traffic was delayed five hours. The property loss is large.

Banker in Bankruptcy.

Boston.—Sylvester B. Hinckley, of Newton, president of the First National bank of Chelsea, which recently closed its doors, was petitioned into involuntary bankruptcy Friday by the Fall River Five Cents Savings bank.

Tramp Steamer Ashore.

Victoria, B. C.—The tramp steamer Twickenham, from Soerabaya, Java, with 6,500 tons of sugar for the British Columbia Sugar Refinery company, is ashore on San Juan island, two miles from Roche harbor.

Russian Land Distribution.

St. Petersburg.—The Russian government has definitely decided to proceed with its original plan of distribution of land regardless of parliament, and to go to the country upon the issue at the coming elections.

Rain Saves Corn Crop.

St. Joseph, Mo.—Heavy rains Thursday broke a drought that was doing considerable damage to corn and late fruit. Railroads and bridges were washed out and buildings in process of erection were damaged.

CUBAN REPUBLIC DISTURBANCES

WILL ANNEXATION FOLLOW THE CUBAN INSURRECTION IS THE QUESTION.

WHO FOMENTS STRIFE?

The Situation of Affairs on the Island and Preparations for Fighting It Out—Saturday's Battle.

Uncle Sam's Investigation.

The state department is beginning to take special and active notice of affairs in Cuba, but in the meanwhile is acting in a mysterious manner because it is concealing its motives and intentions and because it is an irrefutable statement that the United States has a grave duty to perform in troubles of the kind that are now shaking the government of the island.

That this government is not taking steps to meet a crisis is an absurd proposition. At the state department it is learned that it has set on foot an inquiry to ascertain who stand behind the revolutionists—who are furnishing apparently unimportant people in Cuba with the sinews of war.

It is evident that the people who are pulling the strings are either those who favor annexation in this country and in Cuba, or the agents of foreign governments, who wish to destroy, if they can, the understood protectorate of the United States over Cuba.

A Sharp Fight.

A dispatch from Las Cruces, Santa Clara province, says the mayor, the police, nearly all the councilmen and officials of the town, together with all the rural guards stationed there, and 300 citizens have joined the insurgents. Senator Frías, of Cienfuegos, has received a telegram reporting a similar state of affairs in Trinidad.

Twenty revolutionists were killed or wounded Saturday in a sharp fight in Cienfuegos, near Santa Rosa, between rural guards under Maj. Gomez and revolutionists 200 strong under Roldos. This is the most serious battle yet fought and is a government victory, the rural guards escaping without serious injury.

President Palma has officially called for volunteers to compose a national militia or infantry and cavalry and to cooperate with the government forces under the command of the chief of the rural guards. President Palma has also bought 15,000 Remington rifles and 800,000 rounds of ammunition in New York, which is now on the way to Cuba on the Ward line steamship Mexico. A consignment of 5,000 rifles and 3,000,000 rounds of cartridges is expected to leave New York on Thursday.

Fouled the Water.

Sparrows that built their nests around the top of the standpipe which supplies Three Oaks with drinking water have caused an epidemic of typhoid fever. It broke out 10 days ago. Twenty-one cases have been reported, with three deaths. The bodies of young sparrows were found in the water. They had fallen out of their nests built around the rim of the standpipe, which was not enclosed with a cover. The board of health at once cut off the town's water supply. The standpipe was emptied and men today are cleaning it. It will be painted and furnished with a cover.

Will Give Fortune Away.

Edward Pinchin, aged 73, a South Haven street sweeper, formerly of Plainfield, who recently received word that he had fallen heir to \$60,000 from a relative in England, declares he will give the money to some one who has more need of it than he and stay at his work. Pinchin's life has been a long series of misfortunes. "I am an old man and won't live long," he said. "I know what it is to want things and not to be able to have them. So I think I'll give away this money to persons who are in want and keep on sweeping streets."

Charles Newell, a carpenter, living in Kalamazoo, and a cousin of Pinchin, is the only other heir in the United States.

Capt. Nathan Appleton, the well known author and traveler, died at the Hotel Northampton, in Boston, he had been ill for two weeks. He was 63 years old.

President Roosevelt issued a proclamation appealing for aid for earthquake stricken Chile, after a consultation with Acting Secretary of State Bacon, at Sagamore Hill.

The secretary of the treasury formally accepted the bid of Charles Boettcher, of Denver, of \$31,000, for the old Denver mint property and of George Chaffey for the old site for government buildings at Los Angeles, Cal., at \$326,000.

The authorities of the city of Budapest have decided to finish the Washington statue now under erection on September 16, and have sent out invitations to the mayors of American cities, presidents of American universities and many notable public men of the United States to attend.

The "American club" of San Jose, Costa Rica, declares the Monroe doctrine, from President Roosevelt's point of view, "a menace to all Latin America and to be prepared to oppose the United States in its work of annihilation of Latin-American commercial independence."

It is reported Quillota, a town of 10,000 population, about 30 miles from Valparaiso, has "sunk from sight and less than 100 of the inhabitants escaped. The sinking is reported to have taken place during the shock that was timed at Valparaiso as having lasted 4 minutes and 30 seconds.

Senator Culberson has protested to Washington against the abandonment of Fort Brown, Tex., where the whites clashed with the negro troops.

Operations of the Tabasco-Chiapas Trading & Transportation Co. and the La-Mesa Mills Co., Mexican investment concerns, have been stopped by the United States postal authorities in Chicago. Henry D. Bushnell, president, and L. B. Miller, secretary and treasurer, were arrested. The two companies were capitalized for \$2,000,000, claimed to operate coffee plantations on an extensive scale, and to have skinned investors out of \$850,000 in five years.

RUSSIAN BOMBS.

Twenty-Eight Killed, and Twenty-Four Maimed at Premier's Reception.

Twenty-eight persons are dead and twenty-four wounded as the result of an attempt to assassinate Premier Stolypin with a bomb while he was holding a public reception at his country house on Aptekarsky island. The premier was slightly wounded on the face and neck by flying splinters.

Among the dead are the premier's 15-year-old daughter, who had both legs broken by the explosion and subsequently succumbed to her injuries; Gen. Zameatin, the premier's personal secretary; M. Khovostoff, former governor of the province of Penza; Col. Federoff, chief of the premier's personal guard; Court Chamberlain Davidoff, Court Chamberlain Voronin, Aide Doubasoff, four women and two children.

The wounded include M. Stolypin's 3-year-old son, who is seriously though not fatally injured, and a number of prominent persons.

The authors of the outrage drove up to the premier's residence after the list of visitors had been closed. The servant refused them admission, at which they attempted to force an entry to the house.

A struggle ensued at the entrance to the anteroom adjoining the reception room, during the course of which the terrorist disguised as a gendarme dropped a bomb, which exploded, destroying the anteroom, the adjoining guard room, part of the reception room and also the balcony of the first floor.

The premier was receiving visitors in a private room. The principal loss of life occurred in the anteroom. Altogether there were sixty victims of the explosion.

THE MARKETS.

Detroit.—Extra dry-fed steers and heifers, \$4 50/5; steers and heifers, 1,000 to 1,200, \$4 25/25; steers and heifers, 1,200 to 1,400, \$4 00/00; grass steers and heifers that are fat, 800 to 1,000, \$3 50/50; grass steers and heifers, 1,000 to 1,200, \$3 25/25; choice fat cows, \$2 50/50; good fat cows, \$2 25/25; common cows, \$1 50/50; canners, \$1 00/00; choice calves, \$2 75/75; fair to good calves, \$2 50/50; choice fat calves, \$2 25/25; good fat calves, \$2 00/00; stock bulls, \$2 50/50; choice stock bulls, \$2 25/25; fair to good stock bulls, \$2 00/00; choice stock steers, 800 to 1,000, \$3 50/50; choice stock steers, 1,000 to 1,200, \$3 25/25; choice stock steers, 1,200 to 1,400, \$3 00/00; stock heifers, \$2 50/50; milkers, large, young, medium, age, \$4 00/00; common milkers, \$3 50/50.

Veal calves—Best, \$7 00/00; others, \$4 00/00; milk cows and springers strong, \$4 00/00; weak, \$3 50/50; fair to good lambs, \$5 00/00; light to common lambs, \$4 50/50; yearlings, \$5 50/50; fair to good butchers sheep, \$4 25/25; culls and common, \$2 50/50.

Hogs—Market 15c to 25c higher; range of prices: Light to good butchers, \$6 40/40; pigs, \$6 40/40; light orfows, \$6 40/40; stags, \$6 40/40; 1-3 off, \$6 40/40; \$5 00/50.

THE SHOW OF THE STATE.

A VIEW OF THE STATE FAIR GROUNDS AND ITS EQUIPMENT.

MICHIGAN'S GREATEST FAIR WILL SOON OPEN.

A visit to the grounds on which will be held the Michigan State Fair of 1905 and an inspection of the many new buildings recently erected for exhibition purposes impresses one with the marvelous progress of the Michigan State Agricultural Society, which had its origin in the pioneer days of the commonwealth. The more than a half century that has elapsed since the formation of the society at Lansing in 1849, has marked a great transition in agriculture and allied pursuits during which period Michigan has grown from a comparatively wild and unsettled domain to a state of 2,500,000 people. The State Agricultural Society has kept pace with the progress of the state, each succeeding exhibition showing a marked advancement, each better than the one previous.

Earlier Days.

In the earlier years it was the custom of the society to locate the yearly fair in a city, somewhat remote from where the fair was held the year previous, believing that in this way alone

can meet his friends, perhaps sit down for a little chat, visit the ore and mineral display on the ground floor and the art exhibit on the second. You can to the east, first passing the nursery exhibits which occupy a liberal space on the right. Farther on and to the left are the vehicles and automobiles. You have now reached the principal brick buildings, with the Main Exhibition Hall directly in front. Here an avenue projecting north and south crosses, which leads you southward to the fence and implement exhibits, northward to the Horticultural Building, a splendid brick 70x150 feet, the horse stables, to accommodate 300 animals, both on the right, with the grove of oak nearly opposite, in which is the magnificent pavilion facing to the east. On north and to the left are nine long white barns, each 30x24 feet, five being devoted to cattle, two to sheep, and two to swine. The last two have concrete floors. At the end of this street are four more stables for speed horses, back of which is a fine stretch

MICHIGAN BUILDING.

would these expositions of improved stock and agricultural products be brought nearer the greatest number of people. Lack of transportation and great expense made it difficult for farmers to travel long distances. As the state grew and the means of travel were increased, the fair was held in some of the larger cities and trade centers. A number of exhibitions were held on the grounds in the suburbs of Lansing, that being thought the proper center for all the people, it being the capital city. But in 1905, after a somewhat extended but friendly contest the society decided upon Detroit, the metropolis of the state, as the place for a permanent location of the great fair. A plot of nearly 150 acres lying at the north of the city adjoining Woodward avenue, the leading thoroughfare of the city, was purchased, and the work of preparing the rough fields for an exposition park was begun.

Fair of 1905.

When the dates for the 1905 fair came about, the buildings were few and incomplete, little had been accomplished in the way of grading and beautifying the grounds, though three fine buildings had been erected and the grand stand and mile track fitted for the races. A goodly part of the showing was in improvised structures and in tents. Nevertheless the exhibition excelled those of other years, and the attendance greatly outnumbered the guesses of the wildest and most optimistic of prophets. It proved the wisdom of the men who had given rise to the movement and had consummated their plans in locating the society to give its annual fair upon permanent grounds adjacent to the first city of Michigan so readily reached by steam railways, electric cars and by boat from several sections of the state. This patronage showed an appreciation by the people of the city and state and gave assurance that future efforts would merit even a greater interest by exhibitors and a far larger attendance.

Transformation.

But the State Fair grounds of today are far different from those which the visitors at previous exhibitions of the Michigan State Agricultural Society have known. A magnificent park, with its acres of velvety green lawn with the many sweeping, driveways and walks, beds of flowering plants and innumerable groups of foliage plants and ornamental shrubbery has seemingly (owing to the few months given to preparation) sprung into being as if from the hand of enchantment. To get a fair conception of this position ground one would need to see it, and to walk the ways of its avenues under many beautiful elms, and to devote hours in observation of the fine buildings that grace the extensive "beauty spot." Instead of this the writer would fancy like you with him from the heart of Michigan's metropolis out Woodward avenue on one of the modern rapid observation trolley cars, passing through Grand Circus Park, on past the hundreds of attractive homes of leading citizens, crossing the picturesque Grand Boulevard, with its miles of splendid tree-lined walks, in view of the fashionable Boston Boulevard, out through Highland Park village, touching the delightful Palmer Park, within sight of the famous Fox Cabin for so many

of forest. Passing back south over the same course is the Poultry Building, 40x150 feet, that contains 800 coops. The Administration Building, 70x150, then take the main walk that leads is of brick, situated to the south of the Main Hall, which is 100x220 feet in area. To the east of this largest structure is the Dairy Building, 40x150 feet, an airy, well lighted frame show hall with concrete floors, and containing a large glass refrigerator for the display of fine dairy products. Leaving this you find yourself on the "Glade," that live avenue of mirth and gaiety, where a number of lively yet refined shows and exhibitions will be given. Joining this is the booth and lunch room section—every feature has its own neighborhood here—and to the east of which is the mammoth grand stand that comfortably seats nearly 10,000 people, and the new bleachers that provides for about 2,000 more. A fine ornamental iron fence separates these from the course, which is a feature of the grounds, being 90 feet wide and a mile in extent with thrown-up turns, built after the most modern fashion. Within the course is a well sodded plot upon which various special free entertainments provided by the society will be given. Other features will be presented here afterwards during the racing program.

Large Display.

Besides the almost unbounded displays of agricultural products, large showings of the best live stock of many breeds from the best and other states will be presented; many very special features this year, notable among which is Roy Knabenshue and his giant air ship, with which he takes daily trips to the clouds; Lionel LeGare, who ascends and descends an electrical spiral tower on a moving sphere; the wonderful Norins, making leaps of death from a tall tower into a tank of water; Innes' famous orchestral band of 50 skilled music makers giving two concerts daily; accomplished Montana lady riders, who will ride in four-mile relay races each afternoon. The society has also secured at great expense Paul's Fireworks for the evening entertainment of guests.

Many other features in the way of agreeable surprises will be presented.

Program.

The following is a list of special days: Thursday, August 30—Opening day. Friday, August 31—Children's day, when all children under 15 will be admitted free. Saturday, September 1—Detroit day. The mayor and city officers invited. Sunday, September 2—No program, but the grounds will be open and buildings accessible. Two sacred concerts will be given by the Innes band. Monday, September 3—Labor day. The Detroit Federation of Labor will conduct exercises, assisted by numerous labor organizations and noted speakers. Tuesday, September 4—Fraternal day. All fraternal orders are invited to be present, to give drills, and hold such exercises as they deem proper. Wednesday, September 5—Governor's day. The governor and other state officers and the candidates for the several state offices are expected to be in attendance. A grand live stock parade will be given at 10:30 a. m., which will be reviewed by the governor.

Thursday, September 6—Farmers' day, when the State Farmers' Club Association, State Grange, and live stock organizations will be fully represented. It will be a real rousing agricultural gathering on this date. Friday, September 7—Closing day, which will be none the less a full show day, with complete programs save the fireworks in the evening.

Arrangement of Groups. Entering at the west, one approaches the stately Michigan Building that occupies a conspicuous place in the foreground. In this spacious structure one

can meet his friends, perhaps sit down for a little chat, visit the ore and mineral display on the ground floor and the art exhibit on the second. You can to the east, first passing the nursery exhibits which occupy a liberal space on the right. Farther on and to the left are the vehicles and automobiles. You have now reached the principal brick buildings, with the Main Exhibition Hall directly in front. Here an avenue projecting north and south crosses, which leads you southward to the fence and implement exhibits, northward to the Horticultural Building, a splendid brick 70x150 feet, the horse stables, to accommodate 300 animals, both on the right, with the grove of oak nearly opposite, in which is the magnificent pavilion facing to the east. On north and to the left are nine long white barns, each 30x24 feet, five being devoted to cattle, two to sheep, and two to swine. The last two have concrete floors. At the end of this street are four more stables for speed horses, back of which is a fine stretch

GIRLS' BEST FARM HANDS.

Men Will Not Stay No Matter What Inducements Are Offered.

Battle Creek, Mich.—Farmers around Battle Creek who expected an improvement in the farm labor proposition this summer are disappointed. Not only are harvest hands as scarce as they were a year ago, but they are even harder to get, have advanced ideas as to the wages, and make the farmers agree to concessions that a few years ago would have created untold laughter.

Good farm hands are getting as high as \$1.50 a day within a few miles of Battle Creek, with board and lodging thrown in, and in many cases the use of a horse and carriage. One farm hand, hired in Bedford township, demanded that his employer give him the use of his piano two hours every evening, and the demand was granted, the farmer's family vacating the parlor while the harvest guest practices. He is taking piano lessons in town, driving in with the farmer's horse.

The trouble does not end with the inability to secure men to work for hire. Farmers' boys are still leaving the nine dollar a week jobs on the farm, with good food and beds, to come to town and work for less, live in cheap lodging houses, and eat poor food.

"The only available men we get at present," said a Penfield farmer, "are men from town used to clerking or running street cars or such labor. A few days on the farm tires them all out, and keeps us hiring new men. I suppose it will shock city folks to hear it, but the best work on many farms in Calhoun county this summer is now being done by women folks. The boys are anxious to go to town and 'throw on dog.' The girls are the most willing to help their farmer fathers in the fields. It doesn't sound nice, does it? But what are you going to do when men won't farm out at \$1.50 a day and free board?"

LONGWORTHS WERE SNUBBED.

Frau Wagner, Composer's Widow, Vents Ire on Them in Berlin.

Berlin.—Now that Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth have returned to America, the real reason for their sudden departure from Baireuth is revealed. At the time it was said that the daughter of President Roosevelt was annoyed by the ogling of German "dandies," but it is now given out that Frau Cosima Wagner, who rules everything at the Bavarian village, took advantage of the presence of the Longworths to vent the animosity which she has entertained against all things American since "Parsifal" was staged and patronized by the United States against her wishes.

Inexplicably, the Longworths found the hotels "full," and were compelled to take refuge in a boarding house. Then Frau Cosima caused the command to go forth that the Longworths' presence should be practically ignored. She herself arranged to snub the president's daughter socially by ostentatiously omitting to invite her to the famous soirees held during the week, which are attended by all the celebrities. She also arranged that Mrs. Longworth should not be presented to her and the great artists of the season during the intermissions, which are always gay social events.

The only genuine welcome accorded to President Roosevelt's daughter came from Mme. Schumann-Heink, who scandalized Frau Wagner by rushing up and effusively embracing the visitor in full view of a terrace full of people.

TURN CELLAR INTO A HIVE.

Woman Discovers a Great Deposit of Honey in Her Home.

San Francisco.—An immense store of honey has been discovered between the beams and joists of the residence of Mrs. J. U. Nazry, on Schrader street. It was evidently the accumulation of years, for the honey formed a solid mass six inches thick, two feet wide and 14 feet high, extending from the basement to the beams which support the first story, and completely filling a section of the wall.

The bees entered their storehouse through a knothole in a board. It was this that first attracted Mrs. Nazry's attention. With the aid of a gardener she investigated. Despite veils and gloves, both were severely stung by the myriads of bees, which resented the intrusion.

There are many gardens in the neighborhood in which Mrs. Nazry resides, and it was from the flowers in these and in the adjacent park that the bees secured the substance. Unable to crowd any more into the space which they had appropriated, however, they no longer worked, but contented themselves with living upon what they had already stored. Now, however, they will have to start anew.

RAILWAY WITH 728 BRIDGES.

New Austrian Line a Wonder in the Engineering World.

Vienna.—Archduke Franz Ferdinand has opened the new Wocheiner railway from Assling to Trieste, which is one of the most remarkable engineering feats in the world.

It is the first section in a new route through the Alps by which southern Germany will be connected directly with Trieste and traverses a beautiful but exceedingly difficult mountain country, which has necessitated the excavation of 47 tunnels and the building of 679 small and 49 large bridges.

The bridge on the Isone river is the largest stone arch railway bridge in the world. Its span is more than 270 feet.

Needed It.

Uncle.—Your habits are disgraceful, sir. I have decided to cut you off with a shilling. Nephew.—Let me have the shilling now and you can leave me out of the will altogether.—Cleveland Leader.

Memorial Church Where Alexander II. of Russia Was Assassinated.



The notable structure shown in the illustration is called the Church of the Resurrection, and is designed to commemorate the assassination of Czar Alexander II. in 1881. It stands on the spot in St. Petersburg where the emperor was slain. The edifice is built of chocolate colored brick, trimmed with white marble, and is crowned with seven towers covered with vari-colored mosaics. In these mosaics are represented scenes from the life of Christ, and there are a number of panels containing the coats of arms of the fifty Russian provinces and of the Romanoff family, with effigies of the apostles and the saints. In splendor and design this mosaic work is declared to be unsurpassed. During the last twenty years the church has been in process of construction, and it will not be completed for twelve years more. While modern materials are used, the architecture is of the orthodox ecclesiastical style of the middle ages. Public contributions are paying for the work, the total amount collected aggregating nearly \$6,000,000 from all parts of the empire.

THIS HORSE OWNS PROPERTY.

Equine Holds Interest in Valuable New York Real Estate Where He Can Graze at Will and Live Life of Ease.

New York.—"My horse Dick I give and bequeath to my sisters, Agnes and Elizabeth Savage. It is my wish that they care for the horse as long as he lives."

As the result of the above provision contained in the will of George Savage, a plumber of Jersey City, who died on Sept. 17, 1889, Dick, a horse 33 years old, is living a life of ease and luxury. He is a property owner and holds a half interest in real estate.

Dick came into the possession of his master as a colt back in the '70s and for years he made daily tours of Jersey City in the shafts of a plumber's wagon. Mr. Savage was deeply attached to the animal, which developed unusual intelligence at an early age. He bought five lots at Baldwin avenue and Clifton place as Dick's exclusive pasturage. As the years rolled by he disposed of three of the lots, but he reserved two for the horse's special benefit.

"He's a good old boy," the plumber would often say, "and I don't propose that he shall ever want for a small

portion of this earth where he can graze at will."

After the plumber's death his sisters placed a wire fence around Dick's lots and saw to it that every morning excepting in the winter he was led from his stable in the rear of their home at 518 Mercer street to his pasture.

Fine homes were built around the lots, which are within a stone's throw of the city hospital and the zealous eyes of many real estate speculators were turned to Dick's exclusive territory, but all overtures for the sale of the lots were turned down by the Misses Savage and the old horse grazes in supreme contentment. A few days ago the sisters were offered a good price for the lots, but they said that the land will not be in the market as long as Dick lives.

Dick raps with his forehoofs against the side of his stall every morning at six o'clock as a signal that he is ready for his breakfast. As soon as he gets it one of the sisters, Miss Elizabeth Savage, grooms him and washes him down with oil of citronella to keep the mosquitoes away.

Edna Brown, 13 years old, has become so attached to the old horse as a neighbor that she goes around every morning to see him safe in his lots and in the evening leads him back to his stall.

WOMEN GRADUATES STAY SINGLE.

Only 16 Per Cent. of Those from Chicago University Have Found Mates.

Chicago.—Statistics recently issued by Secretary Arthur E. Bestor of the Alumni association of the University of Chicago show that of the 1,060 women graduates of the university since its reestablishment in 1893 only 171, or about 16 per cent., have married. It is conceded that the 214 girls graduated in the classes of the last two years should have more time, but the same consideration cannot be given to those who were graduated before, and the officials have no satisfactory explanation to give for their lack of interest in matrimony.

This failure of the coeds to wed is not confined to any one class. In fact, of the nine women who graduated in 1894, the year following the world's fair, when all the world was attracted to Chicago, not one has married.

The officers of the university deny that there is anything in the sugges-

tion that the restrictions at the university against college courting and engagements between students has anything to do with this showing, nor do they believe that the average age of the women graduates has had any effect, although the statistics show that the average age of the women who have graduated has been very close to 28, while the men have been younger.

The students figure out that the faculty regulations have done more than anything else to turn the girls' heads to other matters than matrimony. They are almost unanimous in declaring that the university authorities have placed such restrictions on college courting that younger girl students go elsewhere to college. They cite the large number of engagements at Northwestern university as proof of this claim. They also declare that Northwestern attracts for this reason girls more inclined to domestic life.

There is no virtue in the innocence that only fears the wrong.

Uses a Million Pencils.

Washington.—The enormous quantities of supplies used by clerks in the nine executive departments here is forcibly illustrated by figures for the fiscal year ended June 30. It is shown that for the 12 months comprising the last fiscal year there were 1,117,442 lead pencils used. If manufactured under these would make a mammoth pencil 142 miles and 13 rod long.

Placed side by side they would make a board walk 28 inches wide and seven miles long. According to the rules, each clerk is allowed one pencil every eight days.

The army of clerks used 68,676,288 sheets of paper, cut letter size, every year. These sheets placed side by side would cover a plot of 2,346 acres and have some left over.

The government last year purchased and distributed 4,371,840 pen points, buying more than 250,000 penholders in which to utilize them.

The clerks used 8,356 gallons of paste. There were issued to the clerks 76,

080 pints of black ink and 5,766 pints of red ink.

The government used 6,747 pounds of pins, which, according to count, run 24,752 to the pound. This makes an aggregate of 167,001,724 pins.

Rubber bands of all sizes were used to the number of 20,836,800.

Too Bad.

"A horrible thing happened in front of our house this morning."

"An accident?"

"A most unfortunate one. You know that young cornet player in the next flat to ours. Well, he was struck by an automobile."

"Yes?"

"And it didn't hurt him a bit."—Cleveland Leader.

Pure.

The Customer.—How about this breakfast food? Is it all right?

The Grocer.—Sure! There's nothing else in it but sawdust!—Yonkers Statesman.

Happenings in Gotham

Gossip Gathered Here and There in the Busy Metropolis—Spreading Gospel with Aid of a Megaphone—What New Yorkers Are Drinking These Hot Days.



NEW YORK.—Preaching the gospel through a megaphone is the latest. Many persons have been started by the sound of preaching and singing, apparently coming out of the air from nowhere in particular. There is no church in the vicinity; there may be no street group near to explain it. The illusion is produced by a large megaphone which makes the voice carry for a surprising distance with the effect of being spoken in one's ear. For some little time a street service has been held daily at West and Bethune streets in which a large megaphone plays an important part. The audience reached in this way may be scattered over several blocks and even the passer-by a street or two away is likely to have his attention suddenly arrested.

The services are carried on by the Young Men's Evangelical association and are attended by the ministers of a number of churches in the neighborhood. The pulpit from which these services are held consists of a few soap boxes or a pile of pipes directly opposite the entrance of a great factory building where more than 5,000 men and women are employed. The service is opened shortly after noon, the beginning of the lunch hour. The congregation usually consists of many hundreds. The workmen return to work at 12:45, which, of course, closes the church for the day.

The effect of a gospel hymn or the sound of preaching heard through a megaphone is the latest. Many persons have been started by the sound of preaching and singing, apparently coming out of the air from nowhere in particular. There is no church in the vicinity; there may be no street group near to explain it. The illusion is produced by a large megaphone which makes the voice carry for a surprising distance with the effect of being spoken in one's ear. For some little time a street service has been held daily at West and Bethune streets in which a large megaphone plays an important part. The audience reached in this way may be scattered over several blocks and even the passer-by a street or two away is likely to have his attention suddenly arrested.

YOUNG MUSICAL GENIUS.

In nine-year-old Michael De Vito we have a musical prodigy who even surpasses Mozart, Josef Hoffman and Kubelik, who as youths were regarded as marvels. His acquisitions surpass those of any of his predecessors, and he is the leader, conductor, organizer and general manager of a full-sized, grown-up orchestra, which appears in public.

Michael began the study of music when he was but four years old. He is the son of Perry De Vito, a musician, and the lad's early training is due to his father's desire to bring him up in the same profession. But the elder De Vito had no idea that the little fellow would develop such wonderful talents. At seven or eight the lad could play well violin, mandolin and piano. His study of the old masters was thorough, and he went far ahead of his instructors. Early, too, he was able to direct the playing of other musicians, and expressed his desire to be a conductor.

The orchestra began with the gathering together of kindred souls at the home of Michael's father. There half a dozen or more musicians would drop in of an evening for a little music. Michael, aged seven, frequently objected to the tempo taken by the players. "It should be this way," he would say, and finally he became so persistent that they would let him take a baton in hand and "run things" to suit himself. But instead of its being a childish prank these older musicians soon found that the little fellow really had ideas, and that his interpretation of some numbers was original and excellent.

So the orchestra was organized and is now in full swing. Several concerts have been given and Michael is always the star of the occasion. In his methods he is said to be like the great Creator, sometimes jumping from his platform and running among his musicians, encouraging them, threatening them or begging them to do as he wishes.

FAVORITE DRINKS FOR HOT WEATHER.

What is the New Yorker's favorite hot weather drink this summer? What it ought not to be, of course.

On rickety first, highballs next, and last, the new one—the Water Wagon. Here it is: First you take a long glass; in it you put a piece of ice the size of an egg; then two spoonfuls of sugar, the juice of a lime, next a large drink of brandy, and half as much port; stir well or shake in a mixer; add sufficient seltzer or carbonic to fill the glass, and quaff.

This is called the "water wagon," because four of them are warranted to put you on the front seat of that equipage.

But though the "water wagon" has achieved great popularity along Broadway this summer, it is by no means the only hot-weather drink. The gin rickety is still in the ring, and the highball is feeling as frisky as usual. Father is not suffering while mother is out of town, thank you.

At the summer resorts contiguous to Long Acre Square the thirst throttlers are kept as busy as ever queezing limps into glasses and telling the waiter to take away the rickety. At the Astor, especially, is the seductive rickety the favorite. The beautiful dispenser there said: "The rickety has the call this summer, same as last. Once a favorite with a man, it seems, and you seldom see a man switching from it to anything else."

"It's the rickety, with the highball a close second," they said over at the Cadillac. "Scotch isn't popular as it used to be, and people are coming back to rye, it seems to me. Good for home products? We'll, lots of Scotch is made in this country, you know, so—however. The sloe gin rickety? Nope. Sloe gin takes too long to do anything. It's kind of discouraging to stand against a bar for an hour or two hurling those things into your system and having no inclination to cheer. Sloe gin is a fizzle."

All along the line it is the same story—first the rickety, then the highball, and then the "water wagon."

By next summer, perhaps, the last named will have the call, although in all probability it will never take the place of the others, as it entails a little more work in the making.

MRS. FISH, SOCIETY LEADER.

The social elect have practically all deserted the hot city for the cooling breezes of Newport. There Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish is as usual the leading personage. Let her career be viewed from any standpoint, she appears the most daring and successful social being of her day and generation.

Mrs. Fish has given more novel, not to say bizarre, social "functions" than any other person in or beyond the pale of the so-called "400." She is the original entertainer, par excellence, of the Newport summer colony. Whatever she does makes that jaded coterie of multi-millionaire families sit up and display decided interest. Incidentally, the same effect is noticeable pretty generally throughout the country.

Mrs. Fish's Fourth of July contribution to the entertainment of Newport and the gossip of a nation was to have been a bathing suit dinner, but a downpour of rain caused the plan to be changed, the guests appearing in conventional garb.

One of her most daring and costly functions was given three years ago, when she hired the entire "Chinese Honeymoon" company to provide fun for her guests.

Mrs. Fish is also distinguished as a remarkably frank talker. She has dared to call Newport and its moneyed habitues stupid. She has stigmatized many of the socially elect as being too much engaged in running after bearers of title; and she is who said she understood that Mrs. Roosevelt dressed on \$300 a year, and looked it.

It was she who took up Harry Lehr and brought him to the fore.

Mrs. Fish has three homes, one in New York city and in the banks of the Hudson, opposite West Point, called "Glencliff," and her Newport cottage, a palace-like structure, bearing the title "Crossways."

Before her marriage Mrs. Fish was Miss Marion Authon. Wealth was not then at her beck and call. But her family was an old one, and fixed socially.

Mr. Stuyvesant Fish, who is known to the worlds of transportation and finance as the president of the Illinois Central railroad, and to the world of society as Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish's husband, cares not a fig for society.

COMPLAIN OF CHURCH PIPE ORGAN.

The pipe organ in John D. Rockefeller's Fifth Avenue Baptist church is being complained of by some rich residents who are trying to pass the summer in New York in peace and quiet. Although the church is closed and Mr. Rockefeller is away, the organ is the busiest thing on Murray Hill. If it played hymns or even popular airs, neighbors say, it would not be so bad. But the organ keeps blowing out massive discords by the hour, and whoever is playing it seems to be trying to see how many different kinds of noise can be made at once.

"A crazy callopie," the organ is called. Some say it is "daffy."

One indignant rich man near the church has written to the health department asking the officials to squelch the organ. Every afternoon, about two o'clock, he says, the organ begins and the racket proceeds hour after hour. The organist, he says, plays one note for five minutes at a time as loud as possible, and then begins to chase himself up and down the keyboard.

The rich man's wife, he says, is being driven to distraction by the noise. There is no such thing as taking a nap while the mighty organ is at work. Other people in the vicinity are also kicking

The Ypsilantian.

YPSILANTI, AUG. 30, 1906

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Governor—
FRED M. WAGNER of Oakland.
For Lieutenant Governor—
PATRICK H. KELLEY of Ingham.
For Secretary of State—
GEORGE A. PRESCOTT of Iosco.
For State Treasurer—
FRANK P. GLAZIER of Washtenaw.
For Auditor General—
JAMES B. BRADLEY of Eaton.
For Land Commissioner—
WILLIAM H. ROSE of Clinton.
For Attorney General—
JOHN E. BIRD of Lenawee.
For Superintendent of Public Instruction—
LUTHER L. WRIGHT of Gogebic.
For Member State Board of Education—
DEXTER M. FERRY, JR. of Wayne.

THE AGRICULTURAL BUREAU'S WORK.

When the Department of Agriculture was established, there was the usual amount of protest and pooh-poohing on the part of those who are constitutionally opposed to anything new, but it is doubtful whether any department of the government has, in the same length of time, rendered more real service to the people. In the very nature of things, much of its work is still in the preliminary stages, for experimentation takes time; but enough has already been accomplished to show how intelligently and how beneficially its experiments have been conducted.

Some of the bulletins sent out dealing with common things in scientific terms have afforded the New York Sun and other self-made oracles material for abundant ridicule, but even in those cases it was the ignorance of the scoffer rather than the pedantry of the young authors that was ridiculous. Thoughtful and fair-minded men, especially successful farmers who are finding help from the information afforded by the bureau of the department, are disposed to give due credit, and to co-operate in the experiments and tests which are constantly being made to determine the best and most profitable methods. The intelligent farmer understands that it is the province of science to discover the fundamental principles, and his province to apply them, and it is in this part of the work that he finds the Department of Agriculture his best friend.

One instance showing how the experiments of government scientists touch the farmer's particular field is the recent work of Prof. Milton Whitney, chief of the bureau of soils. This bureau has been conducting simple but interesting experiments in exhausting soil fertility, and has come to the conclusion that it is not so much exhaustion of the soil that calls for rotation of crops, as that the plant leaves in the soil something of a toxic nature, toxic to itself, which prevents continuous growth in the same place. This conclusion may revolutionize the accepted theories of soil fertility, and consequently may materially modify some of the farmer's methods. The farmer who is so minded and has the leisure (?) may perform many simple experiments himself and gain thereby much valuable experience; but no farmer who farms it for a living will be apt to conduct experiments lasting through a long series of years, like those of Messrs. Lewes and Gilbert, who planted potatoes continuously in the same place for fifteen years, until the ground absolutely refused to produce potatoes at all, though producing the next year an enormous crop of barley, which has the same chemical constituents as the potato.

Prof. Whitney's work and the application of his theory will be followed with a good deal of interest by the thoughtful farmer. It is something to have some of the paradoxes of our present ideas as to soil fertility cleared away, but it is more than likely that the new theory may open up some ways to the profitable crop raising heretofore unthought of.

THE SPELLING REFORM FOLLY.

Alas for the laurels of the boy who stood at the head of the spelling class and the girl who used to spell the school down! President Roosevelt has given the order to adopt, in the White House publications, the reformed spelling recommended by Brander Matthews and his fellow-members of the committee for the official sanction is to rest upon a hundred or more verbal interlopers, and we must keep at our elbow a list of them, for in this matter no lexicons can give us guidance. If we are to be up-to-date we must write "thru" and "tho" and "list" and "mist" and "stop", and all the other new fangles, with the prospect of having to adopt a new set whenever the Brander Matthews combination has a new reforming spasm.

Think what all this means to people past mid-life who wish to remain in touch with the times, and not relapse into the mental enervation of fogysm! Already a list of a hundred words is out and Secretary Loeb has sent for it and begins the strenuous task of adapting his correspondence to the demands of the new method. The two hundred words more that were adopted last June will follow doubtless as soon as the first list can be disposed of.

The case is more desperate than the adoption of the metric system. All the

A Hair Dressing

Nearly every one likes a fine hair dressing. Something to make the hair more manageable; to keep it from being too rough, or from splitting at the ends. Something, too, that will feed the hair at the same time, a regular hair-food. Well-fed hair will be strong, and will remain where it belongs on the head, not on the comb!

The best kind of a testimonial—
"Sold for over a century."
Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
SARSAPARILLA,
PILLS,
CHERRY PECTORAL.

force of government and scientific authority has never succeeded in getting the common people to relinquish the foot, the gallon, the acre, as conveniences of measure. The metric reform not only upset all our ideas of quantity, but its top-heavy nomenclature was too much to ask of every-day folks. But the spelling reform will have the approval of all who wish to be in the swim, of the printing folk on the score of economy, of the lazy folk on the score of ease, and of the scientific cranks as a saving of time and energy.

And when once it is adopted, what a revolution it will involve in the publishing world! And what a financial loss it will entail in the item of dictionaries alone! Think of the enormous waste of Worcester's, Webster's and Century's put out of whack by one little official order! One can almost hear, in imagination, the voice of the discredited president of Syracuse University rising triumphantly over the confusion: "Didn't I tell you he was an anarchist?"

SHOULD it so happen that the democrats in the next election win the House of Representatives, what a shout would go up from the trusts everywhere. They have been hard hit by Congress, and the election of the opposite party would be taken as a rebuke to Roosevelt and the republicans for their attempts to curb the greed of corporations that would be a nice thing for the people to do, but they'll not do it. The next congress will be in harmony with the President, for the people are back of him in all his endeavors to compel obedience to the law.

It is a little bit new for a man who is announcing himself as a candidate for the legislature to announce in advance whom, in case of his election, he will support for United States senator, but it only shows how rapidly and in what direction we are progressing. Mr. Frank R. Smith of Somerset is the candidate referred to, and in announcing his preference for Hon. Charles E. Townsend shows that he has been keeping his ears to the ground to catch the sound of the rising popular wave.

EXPERIENCE has taught people to look out for the lightning-rod agent, but it is probably safe to trust the figures of the farm department of an insurance company. According to these 80 per cent of the lightning losses of the company has been on farm property, and 60 per cent of this has been on barns and live stock in the open fields. The same authority seems to think that barbed wire fences with proper conductors to the ground serve to secure a degree of protection.

LET US all hope that we may live to see the day when Thomas A. Edison realizes his plan to make entire houses by pouring concrete into a house mold, after which it is left to dry out for a few days. The cost is to be only about a quarter as much as a building of the same size in wood, and the time almost nothing. Next year is set for the practical work of building a village in New Jersey according to his plan.

BRYAN'S first failure was due not so much to his silver fallacies as to his attempt to rouse class feeling among the wage-workers. The financial interests united against him as a matter of self preservation, but it was the same good sense of the common people that resented his attempt to array one class of people against the rest with the avowed intention of running the government in its own interests.

MR. GOMPERS seems to have lost his head entirely. He ought to know the temper of the American people well enough to understand that bulldozing is not the weapon with which to win his battle. In the end his course is going to run in himself and injure the cause he claims to represent.

In the light of the revelations concerning the condition of bakeries and meat markets in England, France, and Germany, Chicago seems to have been pretty respectably clean.

THE new primary arrangement affords an excuse for a good many people to get their pictures before the public.

Galveston's Sea Wall

makes life now as safe in that city as on the higher uplands. E. W. Goodloe, who resides on Dutton St., in Waco, Tex., needs no sea wall for safety. He writes: "I have used Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption the past five years and it keeps me well and safe. Before that time I had a cough which for years had been growing worse. Now it's gone." Cures chronic Coughs, La Grippe, Croup Whooping cough and prevents Pneumonia. Pleasant to take. Every bottle guaranteed at Rogers-Weinmann-Matthews Co's, and Smith Bro's, drug store. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free, a

Annual School Reports.

ANNUAL REPORT OF SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 4, City and Township of Ypsilanti, for the year ending July 1, 1906.

Resources.	
Balance July 1, 1905.....	\$ 4,222 47
Fine money.....	4 49
Temporary loan.....	2,000 00
Primary money.....	6,078 10
Library money.....	44 42
General tax, City.....	14,800 00
Mill tax, City.....	4,447 86
General tax, Township.....	1,100 00
Mill tax, Township.....	328 51
Tuition.....	611 68
Disbursements.	
Teachers, Gentlemen.....	\$ 4,700 00
Teachers, Ladies.....	12,571 00
Janitors.....	1,435 00
Incidentals.....	1,136 20
Repairs.....	1,691 05
Bonds.....	2,000 00
Interest.....	450 13
Library.....	400 00
Laboratory.....	212 08
Manual Training.....	281 69
Fuel—Central building.....	657 11
" Prospect.....	207 76
" Woodruff.....	27 15
" Adams.....	102 21
Water.....	338 28
Sewer.....	92 82
Secretary.....	300 00
Truant officer.....	18 00
Temporary loan.....	2,000 00
Fire hose.....	92 50
Balance on hand.....	4,716 31

\$33,737 53 \$33,737 53

Orders Unpaid by Treasurer.

No. 882—White Laundry.....	\$ 7 23
1250—W. H. Hall.....	50
1683—Mrs. J. B. Kline.....	69
1678—Elizabeth Lawrence.....	31 40

Unpaid above.....\$ 116 32

Balance as above.....4,716 31

Which equals Treasurer's balance.....\$4,747 73

Estimates for the Year 1906-1907.

Receipts.	
Balance July 1, 1906.....	\$ 4,716 31
Primary money.....	3,000 00
Mill tax.....	4,000 00
Tuition.....	600 00
Total.....	\$17,316 31

Disbursements.

Teachers' salaries.....	\$17,600 00
Janitor service.....	1,350 00
Interest.....	400 00
Fuel.....	1,500 00
Bonds.....	2,000 00
Incidentals.....	1,300 00
Repairs.....	1,200 00
Secretary.....	300 00
Laboratory.....	200 00
Water.....	400 00
Manual Training.....	300 00
Truant officer.....	50 00
Fire Escapes from Central Building.....	618 00
Deduct receipts as above.....	\$27,316 31
Amount to be raised by tax.....	\$10,000 00
Bonded debt of the District July 1, 1906.....	\$10,000 00

EDGAR REXFORD, President.

E. D. HOLMES, Secretary.

Treasurer's Report.

Synopsis of Treasurer's report for the year ending July 1, 1906.

Receipts.	
Balance July 1, 1905.....	\$ 4,568 29
Loan.....	2,000 00
From taxes and other sources.....	27 515 05
Total.....	\$4,583 35

Disbursements.

Paid 666 orders.....	\$39,335 63
Balance July 1, 1906.....	4,747 73
Total.....	\$34,587 90

WM. CAMPBELL,
Treasurer School District No. 4.

Superintendent's Report.

To the Board of Education, City and District of Ypsilanti:
For your consideration and for the information of the public, I hereby submit the following report, chiefly statistical, of the Ypsilanti Public Schools for the year 1905-06:

Population of city and district, estimated.....	8,250
Boys of school age, Sept., 1905.....	774
Girls of school age, Sept., 1905.....	841
Total number of boys and girls of school age, Sept., 1905.....	1,615
Boys of school age attending school, 1905-06.....	558
Girls of school age attending school, 1905-06.....	558
Total number of boys and girls attending school, 1905-06.....	1,116
Number of non-resident pupils.....	43
Kindergarten children under 5 years of age.....	58
Total school enrollment, counting none twice, 1905-06.....	1,176
Number of teachers employed, High School.....	21
Number of teachers employed, Grades.....	21
Number of special teachers employed.....	4
Librarians employed.....	1
Total number of teachers, including librarian and superintendent.....	36
Amount paid for teaching and superintendence.....	\$16,871 00
Amount paid for current expenses.....	9,800 22
Cost per capita for instruction, High School.....	28 76
Cost per capita for instruction, Grades.....	18 38
Average cost per capita for instruction.....	17 32
Cost per capita for current expenses, High School.....	9 88
Cost per capita for current expenses, Grades.....	9 88
Total cost per capita for instruction and current expenses, High School.....	38 64
Total cost per capita for instruction and current expenses, Grades.....	28 81
Average cost per capita for instruction and current expenses.....	27 10
Tuition collected.....	611 68
Number graduated, High School.....	59
Number graduated, Eighth Grade.....	59

Enrollment by Grades.

Grade	Boys	Girls	Total	Transfers
Kindergarten.....	42	56	98	9
First.....	69	75	144	9
Second.....	67	65	132	9
Third.....	84	64	148	8
Fourth.....	88	67	155	6
Fifth.....	59	53	112	6
Sixth.....	38	49	87	4
Seventh.....	34	42	76	1
Eighth.....	32	32	64	0
Ninth.....	23	60	83	0
Tenth.....	30	27	57	0
Eleventh.....	30	34	64	0
Twelfth.....	16	28	44	0
Total.....	692	633	1,325	50

Enrollment by Buildings.

Total school enrollment, counting none twice.....	
Number of teachers employed, High School.....	
Number of teachers employed, Grades.....	
Number of special teachers employed.....	
Librarians employed.....	
Total number of teachers, including librarian and superintendent.....	
Amount paid for teaching and superin- tendence.....	\$16,8

Attendance by Buildings.

Boys	Girls	Total	Per cent
Daily average belonging.....	324	324	88
Daily average attendance.....	344	344	94
Per cent of attendance.....	98.8	94.8	95.4

Enrollment by Departments.

current expenses, Grades.....	\$
Average cost per capita for instruction	
and current expenses.....	\$
Tuition collected.....	61
Number graduated, High School.....	
Number graduated, Eighth Grade.....	
Enrollment by Grades	
Grade	Boys Girls Total Transfers

Attendance by Departments.

Boys	Girls	Total	Per cent
Daily average belonging.....	194	250	976
Daily average attendance.....	239	234	915
Per cent of attendance.....	98.8	93.8	96

In matters other than statistical, I have

little to report. Owing to the large number of pupils in the grammar grades for whom room will have to be provided, the kindergarten established in the Central Building a year ago will have to be discontinued. I regret this, as there was no department of our school work the past year more interesting or profitable. I had hoped that temporary quarters might be provided in order that this department might be continued the coming year. I trust that some provision may be made by another year for the re-establishment of this work.

The school savings system has continued to prove its usefulness. While its real value should be estimated by the number of depositors rather than by the amount deposited, the following statement taken from the books at the close of school in June is interesting.

Total deposits.....	\$3,206 22
Total cash drawn.....	349 60
Gross savings.....	\$2,856 62
Amount transferred to private accounts.....	1,393 71
Total cash balance to credit of School Savings System.....	\$ 1,462 91

Of the amount transferred to private accounts, probably not to exceed \$100 have been withdrawn from the bank, so that the actual gross savings are very near the figures given above.

Respectfully submitted,

W. B. ARBAUGH,

Superintendent of Schools.

If you haven't the time to exercise regularly, Doan's Regulets will prevent constipation. They induce a mild, easy, healthful action of the bowels without griping. Ask your druggist for them.

Our Colleges.

We are glad to notice [perhaps as a result of sending this paper to all college presidents, as well as to every newspaper office in North America, north of Mexico] a decided stiffening of the spinal columns of some of our college authorities in dealing with their rowdy students.

Well—the more of this they succeed in getting the better it will be for their colleges and the future generations of college graduates.

Napoleon's merciful way of dealing with mobs was to fire solid shot first.

Moral suasion is a good thing sometimes, but at others is utterly useless.

Some years ago, while passing the private grounds of a gentleman in the outskirts of our city, we saw a gang of young rowdies stoning two beautiful grey squirrels on one of the trees.

We remonstrated without the slightest effect—then grasping our good cane we went for them, and they [perhaps judging from our appearance that we were a detachment of our Massachusetts "Ancient and Honorable Artillery"] took to their heels [or rather to their bicycles] and left with a rapidity that defied pursuit.

GEO. T. ANGELL.

From Dumb Animals.

Stops earache in two minutes; toothache or pain or burn or scald in five minutes; hoarseness, one hour; muscleache, two hours; sore throat, twelve hours—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, monarch over pain.

List of Letters.

Following is a list of letters remaining in the post office, Ypsilanti, for the week ending August 25, 1906.

LADIES' LIST.

Baxter, Mrs. Elliott, Mrs. Gaynell
Babbitt, Mrs. Florence Lyons Mrs. May
Barton, Miss Mary Williams, Mrs. R. A.
Barton, Miss Mary Wilcox, Miss Emma

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Astrand, Mr. J. L. Gray, Mr.
Beadle, Mr. Fred Johnson, Levi P.
Bow, Henry McCormick, Prof.
Calvert, Mr. Luis Powell, Mr. Jacob
Canan, Mr. Geo. Terwilliger, F.
Coon, D. L. Whittaker, Guy M.
Doyle, Clark

Persons calling for advertised letters will please give the date of advertising and pay one cent for same. Letters are held two weeks and then sent to the dead letter office. W. N. LISTER, P. M.

When a woman suffers from depressing weaknesses, she then keenly realizes how helpless—how thoroughly worthless she is. Dr. Shoop has brought relief to thousands of such women. He reaches to the cause—peculiar to women, direct, specific ways—a local treatment known by druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Night Cure, and a constitutional or internal prescription called Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Dr. Shoop's Night Cure is applied locally and at night. It works while you sleep. It reduces inflammation, it stops discharges, it heals, it soothes, it comforts, it cures.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative (tablet or liquid form) is a constitutional, nerve tonic tonic. It brings renewed strength, lasting ambition and vigor to weak, lifeless women.

These two remedies, singly or used together, have an irresistible, positive helpful power. Try them a month and see. Sold by Frank Smith.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW.

ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said county of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on the 27th day of August, in the year one thousand nine hundred and six.

Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of David J. Tyler, deceased.

On reading and filing the duly verified petition of Bella J. Tyler, praying that a certain paper writing and now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of deceased, be admitted to probate, and that the executor named in said will, or some other suitable person be appointed executor thereof, and that appraisers and commissioners be appointed.

It is ordered that the 15th day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office be appointed for hearing said petition. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing in the Ypsilantian, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Washtenaw.

[A true copy.] EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
H. Wirt Newkirk, Register.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW.

ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the county of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on the 28th day of August, in the year one thousand nine hundred and six.

Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Richard Lloyd Davis, deceased.

D. O. Griffin, guardian of said estate, having filed in this court his annual account, and praying that the same may be heard and allowed. It is ordered that the 22nd day of September next, at ten o'clock, in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be appointed for hearing such account. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing in the Ypsilantian, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Washtenaw.

[A true copy.] EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
H. Wirt Newkirk, Register.

WOODEN CHECKS.

Tallies Were Used in England Until the Year 1834.

Wooden checks are the sort of thing one would expect to find used in China or Tibet, but, as a matter of fact, they were used in England from the earliest times down to as late as 1834.

Tallies, as they were called, were made out of a curved piece of hazel, notches being cut along the edges to stand for a certain sum of money. The tally was then sawed half through below the lowest notch and the notched part split into two pieces, on both of which the notches appeared.

These pieces served as check and counterfoil, the latter being always the larger piece with the unnotched end as a kind of handle. The smallest piece was then taken by the payee, the larger sent to the person on whom the check was drawn—generally a collector of customs or other revenues, public or private. He would honor the check on finding that the two pieces fitted and had the amount credited to him by the drawer on returning them together to him. Thus were the great danger and

The Upsilonntian.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

LESSON X, THIRD QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, SEPT. 2.

Text of the Lesson, Luke xviii, 35, to xix, 10—Memory Verses, 42, 43—Golden Text, Luke xix, 10—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

(Copyright, 1906, by American Press Association.)

It is probable that following the lesson of last week there came the parable of the laborers found only in Matt. xx, 1-16, then the third prediction of His death found in the three first gospels, after which the request of James and John to occupy the highest places in the kingdom, found in Matthew and Mark, then the story of the blind men, one of whom was healed as He entered Jericho and two as He left the city. Matthew and Mark both say "as they departed or went out of Jericho" and the former mentions two blind men, while Mark mentions but one and calls him Bartimaeus. There is neither contradiction nor discrepancy in this, for Matthew's two includes Mark's one.

In our lesson the man seems to have been healed with just a word, whereas in the case of the two in Matthew He touched their eyes (Matt. xx, 34). In John ix Jesus put clay on the man's eyes and sent him to wash in Siloam, while in Mark viii He took him by the hand and led him out of the town and spit on his eyes and put His hands upon him, but he did not see clearly till Jesus put His hands on him the second time. We must not think that there is but one way to be healed, nor that the use of means is at all inconsistent with the prayer of faith. That God may be glorified is the first and highest thought always, whether we are in health or sickness, whether we live or die. The sickness of Lazarus was for the glory of God, and Peter was told by what death he should glorify God (John xi, 4; xxi, 19). We have seen the empty, helpless little children and the poor sin convicted publican receive blessing at His hands, while the rich ruler went away empty because he thought more of his wealth than of eternal life.

In today's lesson we have a poor blind beggar, empty and helpless enough, and a rich publican willing to be emptied. The blind beggar hears the multitude passing and, inquiring the cause, he is told that Jesus of Nazareth was passing by. At once he is stirred by the thought of his opportunity, for he had doubtless heard of the Great Healer and longed to meet Him. Now is the opportunity of his life, and he realizes it, and no son of David, have mercy on me." He cared not for rebukes; he must be heard. This is the opportunity that wins, the earnest, persistent, heartfelt cry that God is sure to hear, and so Jesus stood and commanded him to be brought. Listen to the question from the Lord of heaven and earth to a poor blind beggar: "What wilt thou that I shall do unto thee?" (Verse 41.) Note a somewhat similar question from the same Lord to King Solomon (I Chron. 1-7), but note His word to you and me in John xiv, 13, 14, xv, 7. The blind man had but one burning desire, and he states it promptly and briefly. "Lord, that I may receive my sight." As promptly his prayer is granted, his faith honored, he receives his sight physically and we would judge spiritually also from the words, "Thy faith hath saved thee" (verse 42), and from the fact that he followed Jesus glorifying God. If we are right, how exceeding abundantly was his prayer answered! He asked sight for the body and received sight for body and soul. What does your own heart say to the Lord's "What wilt thou?" See Ps. xxvii, 4; I Pet. iv, 11; Gal. i, 24, as suggestions.

In Zacchaeus we see another earnest man determined to see Jesus, and he hesitates not to run, and even climb up into a tree that he may get a glimpse of the wonder-working teacher; perhaps he had heard of the healing of the blind man at the entrance to the city and thus had his desire increased to see Jesus, to see a man who could do these supernatural things. He did not tarry to think of what might be becoming or otherwise in such a one as he in the sight of his fellows. He was doing one thing with all his heart, he was intent on seeing Jesus, and the manner of his doing so probably never gave him a thought. His zeal makes us think of the four who broke up the roof of a house to get their friend to Jesus. Such zeal is never passed by by Him whose eyes run to and fro throughout the whole earth looking for such people (I Chron. xvi, 9); hence when Jesus came to the place He looked up and saw him and spoke to him. And how the surprised Zacchaeus must have been thrilled by the words, "Make haste and come down, for today I must abide at thy house." This must have been exceeding abundantly above all he could ask or think (Eph. iii, 20). Quickly he descends and receives Him with joy. This is his salvation (John i, 12), and of course the devil is angry because he has lost another piece of property, and incites his followers to criticize and condemn the Lord Jesus. But what does it matter? Another sinner is saved and there is joy in the presence of the angels.

I suppose that no soul ever yet yielded to Christ for salvation or for discipleship without a great conflict with the powers of darkness, but there is victory by the Blood of the Lamb (Rev. xii, 11), and any lost soul may have it in Christ. While no works of ours can count for anything till we are saved, a saved soul will always manifest that salvation in good works according to Eph. ii, 10, and we see at once the evidence of this man's salvation in his gifts to the poor and his abundant restitution to any whom he had wronged.

C. A. Waldron of Tecumseh was reappointed by Gov. Warner as member of the state board of veterinary examiners. Lawyer Waters has some chickens that feed on his and the neighbors' lawn and they are very busy catching insects, etc. Their sharp eyes detect every movement in the earth beneath their feet and occasionally they haul a big earth worm from the ground. A few days ago they found something large and had quite a time, there was a chorus of cries and a lot of clucking, etc. and finally they pulled some young moles from the ground and speedily dispatched the slick little lawn destroyers.—Manchester Enterprise.

James Lilley died Monday, August 20. He has had poor health for a number of years. He was 91 years old.—Wayne Review.

For dry, cracked lips, or rough skin, use Dr. Shoop's Green Salve. It positively makes lips and skin like velvet. Sold by Frank Smith.

The First Michigan Cavalry will meet at Cavanaugh Lake, Sept. 12.

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A Jersey cow valued at \$60 was stolen from a field on the Salter farm, in Raisin Valley, one night this week. They have

asked the sheriff to help recover the animal.—Hudson Post.

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Old maids would be scarce and hard to find.

Could they be made to see, How grace and beauty is combined By using Rocky Mountain Tea.—Smith Brothers.

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A cyclone swept over Bankers and vicinity Tuesday afternoon. The ice houses on the lake near the village were blown down and the lumber blown into the lake. Trees were uprooted and considerable damage done to corn and fences.—Hillsdale Leader.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Barker, Aug. 17, a boy. The baby is blest with two grandmothers, two grandfathers, two great grandfathers, three great grandmothers. It has but one uncle and no aunts. Capt. John L. Frisbie is one of the great grandfathers, and his smile is a bit more genial, and his step a little more sprightly and elastic than it was two weeks ago.—Hillsdale Leader.

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Saturday evening Alderman S. H. Moore and family were made seriously ill by eating pressed beef. I. H. Gregg, wife and son, of Sears, who were guests were also made ill from the same cause. Dr. Bion Whelan was summoned, and ascertaining the cause, administered the remedy, and all were soon beyond the danger point.—Hillsdale Leader.

County School Commissioner C. P. Hulce of Hillsdale has resigned to become superintendent of schools at Spring Valley, Ill.

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Get a 5 cent box of Lax-ets at our store please. We think they are great. Just test these toothsome, candy-like Laxative Tablets for constipation, sour stomach, biliousness, bad breath, muddy complexion, etc. Risk 5 cents and see. Sold by Frank Smith.

DECIDE YOURSELF.

The Opportunity Is Here Backed By Ypsilanti Testimony.

Don't take our word for it.

Don't depend on a stranger's statement.

Read Ypsilanti endorsement.

Read the statements of Ypsilanti citizens.

And decide for yourself.

Here is one case of it:

Mrs. H. W. Stevens of 106 South Grove St., says: "My back troubled me for a long time and the aching was often severe. I doctored and tried different remedies, but none seemed to do me any good. I had often seen and heard Doan's Kidney Pills recommended so highly that I made up my mind to test their virtues and got a box at Rogers-Weinmann-Matthews Co.'s drug store. I will cheerfully say this for them: I received more permanent relief from their use than from any other medicine I ever tried."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50c per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

The Tecumseh News announces that there will be held in Lenawee county the coming winter, eleven farmers' institutes in as many different places in that county.

The Stockbridge basket factory is putting out an average of 112 dozen baskets per day.

Porter Rowe, a farmer residing near Stockbridge, began pulling his bean crop last week.—Chelsea Standard.

The 37th annual reunion of the soldiers and sailors of Lenawee county will be held in the horticultural building on the county fair grounds in Adrian, Thursday, September 6. It will be a basket picnic.

"The Milan Mason," a publication devoted to Milan Lodge No. 323 F. & A. M., came to our desk last week. In size it is four pages and in appearance attractive. It is the first number of what is to be a semi-annual publication. The editors are G. E. Ganiard, editor-in-chief, E. O. Loveland and G. S. Wright associate editors; F. M. Miller, business manager.—Milan Leader.

Scrub yourself daily, you're not clean inside. Clean insides means clean stomach, bowels, blood, liver, clean, healthy tissue in every organ. MORAL: Take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Smith Bros. a

The onion growers in this vicinity report that the prospects are good for one of the largest crops grown in this part of the country for some years. Some of the fields are ripening, and the probabilities are that the crop will have to be gathered early.—Chelsea Standard.

Adrian was visited Saturday evening in some sections, at least, by an army of crickets. Millions of them swarmed about the electric lights and massed upon the cement sidewalks and were necessarily walked upon, but where they came from or why, is not recorded in The Times reference books. Sunday nearly all of them had vanished, except dead crickets. In some houses they crowded in under the screen doors and were with difficulty ejected by the brooms of worried housewives.—Adrian Times.

The Cambridge Telephone company, with a capital stock of only \$220, has been incorporated. The promoters of the enterprise are, M. E. Monagin, H. R. Watkins, and C. E. Knapp. Unless the capital stock is considerably increased not much talk will be exchanged by the company.—Adrian Press.

Most disgusting skin eruptions, scrofula, pimples, rashes, etc., are due to impure blood. Burdock Blood Bitters is a cleansing blood tonic. Makes you clear-eyed, clear-brained, clear-skinned.

One of Ed. Wint's little girls was kicked in the face by a horse Tuesday. Several teeth were knocked out and her lip was cut quite badly. Dr. Tracy dressed the wound.—Manchester Enterprise.

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Mr. and Mrs. John Buntun are visiting New York relatives.

Saturday evening's storm was a record smasher, an electrical phenomenon of vast proportions, but there was no damage done here.

The farmers have commenced cutting their corn, something uncommon for August.

Mrs. Stringham of Arkansas visited Mrs. S. P. Ballard last week.

MUSINGS.

Uncle Si says if he had the time He would write a rhyme; And if it took the cake, The children in the district school Would laugh, and it would shake the plaster.

From the wall, and you Would say 'twas all a fake, A scrap torn from the book of life To wrap around the cake.

A woman worries until she gets wrinkles, then worries because she has them. If she takes Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea she follows its use. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Smith Brothers. a

STONY CREEK.

Miss Addie Lafin spent Sunday in Ann Arbor.

Don't forget the social at Horace Lafin's this week Friday eve. All are invited and refreshments are to be brought in.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Beebe, an 8 lb. girl, Sunday.

Quarterly Conference meets at Stony Creek Monday, Sept. 3.

Prof. and Mrs. B. F. Buck of Chicago and Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Buck toured to Detroit and other places last week in an automobile.

Redner, Crittenden and Lowden schools begin the fall term of school Monday Sept. 3rd.

Mrs. Eloise C. Lowe spent a few days last week with her sister, Mrs. J. H. Welch.

The M. E. Missionary society met with Mrs. Fred Howlett Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Miles Smith of Willis visited Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Beebe Sunday.

J. L. Lowden has been having his house painted.

O. J. Bemiss visited the M. A. C. last week.

To the Township Clerks and the Inspectors of Election:

SIR: In accordance with the provisions of Act No. 181 of the Public Acts of 1905, you are hereby notified that at the primary election to be held in this State on Tuesday, the fourth day of September, 1906, a candidate of the Republican Party, for Representative in Congress, shall be selected by the qualified electors of said party; there shall also be selected any other candidates of any political party or parties which have decided pursuant to the provisions of law in favor of the direct nomination of party candidates for county or district offices.

Signed this thirteenth day of August, nineteen hundred and six.

FRANK T. NEWTON, Sheriff of Washtenaw County, August 13, 1906.

The African Baptist Convention.

The Chain Lake Baptist Association, including the sixteen African Baptist churches in Michigan and one in Indiana, held its annual and fifty-fourth convention last week in the Second Baptist church of this city. The church is not a strong one numerically and many of their organizations are of recent establishment, but the reports all along the line were that everything was improving, two new stations having been started this year, and all the finances and societies being in a better condition than before.

On Wednesday the usual formalities were followed by a paper on whether the Baptists need a new church polity, by Rev. G. W. Carr of Cassopolis, followed by a general discussion. Rev. R. Gillard of Ann Arbor, missionary for Michigan, talked on the Fenton home and there were discussions on the laity and temperance, and on who should take the responsibility for paying the pastor. Rev. A. A. Hampton of Battle Creek preached in the evening.

Thursday, addresses of welcome were made by Rev. W. H. Johnson and Mayor VanFossen, responded to by Rev. Dr. S. Henri Browne of Bay City. The following officers were chosen for the coming year: Moderator, Rev. Green Allen, Cass Co.; vice moderator, Rev. A. A. Hampton, Battle Creek; clerk, Rev. S. H. Browne; vice clerk, Rev. T. C. Johnson, Kalamazoo; treasurer, Rev. M. U. Bradley, Decatur. The visiting delegates from other associations were received, Rev. G. A. Martin of Indianapolis, Ind.; Rev. J. H. Tenicks, missionary for Ontario; and Rev. R. N. Bradley, Windsor, Ont.

The annual sermon by Rev. J. H. Jackson, Kalamazoo, was a strong effort on "The Worth of the Soul." Rev. R. Gillard gave an encouraging report of the mission work in the state. Rev. S. H. Browne gave an eloquent address on "The Bible as a Missionary Book," and in the evening a general discussion was held on "The Religious Outlook for the Baptists of Michigan," led by Rev. G. D. Smith, Rev. F. B. Woodard of Saginaw preached an impassioned temperance sermon.

Friday morning was given over to the Woman's Missionary Society, which proceeded to adopt a constitution, and elected as officers: president, Mrs. Hattie Reid, Adrian; vice president, Mrs. W. H. Gurley, Battle Creek; secretary, Mrs. F. B. Woodard, Saginaw; asst. secretary, Mrs. E. A. Avery, South Bend, Ind.; corresponding secretary, Mrs. J. D. Corrothers, Dowagiac. Mrs. Reid, the new president deplored the lack of missionary societies in the churches, and some discussion followed as to whether the pastors should go home and turn their aid and Mite societies into missionary societies, or try to combine the work of both, or have two societies. The ministers claim people are not interested in missions.

The new officers were introduced to the meeting by Moderator Allen, and pledged their best work to the cause. Mrs. Reid is energetic and Mrs. Corrothers is also deeply interested, and it is hoped to organize many societies this year. The paper "What is the Object of Missionary Societies?" by Mrs. Corrothers was read at the evening session. She gave as the object the elevation of humanity, help to the poor, the uplifting of the standard of purity for both sexes, temperance, assistance of the pastor in church work, increasing of salaries and improving of church property, the enlarging of the Sunday school, securing a better knowledge of the Bible, and the inspiration to work. She took up at some length the practice of many Christian mothers of giving alcohol to drink to their families in the form of wine sauces, brandied peaches, etc., and said it is useless to work for temperance when the home is against one. The first thing is to cleanse the homes of strong drink. Then she took a fall out of the church railroad excursion, and quoted the national secretary as saying that last year the African Baptists, poor as they are, paid the railroads \$20,000 for church excursions. The railroads are always discriminating against the colored man with poor cars, and separate cars in the South, so the race should have pride enough to let them alone. But worse than this, and a matter to which the waste of money is nothing, is the danger these excursions are to young girls, many of whom go to their ruin by patronizing these excursions unprotected, and led by the free conduct of older women who should protect them into ruin and dishonor. She called excursions demoralizing and pauperizing and demanded that the churches refuse to hold them.

The B. Y. P. U. occupied Friday afternoon and evening. They re-elected these officers: president, Mrs. N. Carter, Grand Rapids; vice president, J. Carr, Cassopolis; secretary, Miss Myrtle House, Adrian; treasurer, Henry Brown, Dowagiac. A song service was led by Mr. Jackson. Rev. S. H. Browne led a profitable discussion on "The Point of Emphasis in our Work," the decision being that the object of the B. Y. P. U. is to indoctrinate the young in the spiritual life, and to teach them the Bible and the history of the church. The members told also what their unions had done the past year. In the evening the principal feature was a helpful talk by Mrs. Adelaide Jefferson of Grand Rapids on "The Place of Young People in the church." Solos were given by Mrs. Hattie Reid, Misses Elizabeth Jennings and Bernice Reid, and a reading by Miss Mary Jennings.

Saturday was devoted to the Sunday School society the annual sermon on "The Highest Joy" from Hebrews XI, 2, being preached by Rev. J. D. Corrothers, an able sermon. The new officers as elected were: president, A. C. Carter, Adrian; re-elected; vice president, Miss L. Brown, Dowagiac; secretary, Mrs. Addie Jefferson, Grand Rapids; assistant, John Carr, Chain Lake. Rev. W. H. Brown of Whitaker, and Presiding Elder Saunders of Cassopolis, of the A. M. E. church, were introduced to the convention. The discussion on how to improve the modern Sunday school was general, led by Rev. G. D. Smith, and it was conceded that thorough organization, Christian superintendents and teachers, who have the pastor's co-operation and are studious and teach directly the word of God, are among the greatest needs. A paper by Rev. G. W. Carr of Cassopolis, on the mission of the Sunday school, was read by his son. In the evening, there was music by Miss Vera and Melvin White, Miss Gertrude Harris, Miss Bernice Reid, a reading by Mrs. Jefferson, and papers on Sunday school work by Miss Addie Morris, Genieve Jackson and John Carr.

Sunday the pulpits of the Second Baptist and A. M. E. churches were filled by visitors at three services the preachers being Revs. R. Gillard, Ann Arbor; P. McFarland, Benton Harbor; A. A. Hampton, Battle Creek; S. H. Browne, Bay City; J. A. Jackson, Kalamazoo; G. A. Martin, Indianapolis. The meeting next year is at Saginaw.

A Golden Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Bohnet, well known residents and pioneers of Pittsfield township, celebrated their sixty-third wedding anniversary yesterday. Sixty-three guests assembled at their home to help them enjoy the occasion, those present including the children and grandchildren and many of the old neighbors and friends. At 4 o'clock an elaborate dinner was served on the lawn. Many handsome gifts were presented the host and hostess as mementos of the occasion.

Mr. and Mrs. Bohnet are the parents of five children—John A. Bohnet, who has been traveling in the east, but is now in California; Mrs. John Pettibone of Superior, Jacob Bohnet, who resides at the old homestead with his parents, Mrs. Chas. Roberts of the Saline road, and Christian Bohnet, assistant secretary of the Michigan Central at Bay City. All of the children except John, the oldest, were present yesterday, with their families.

Mr. Bohnet came to America from Germany and for a time resided in Lodi, where he was employed at the blacksmith trade by Philip Blum. Fifty years ago yesterday he came to Ann Arbor and was united in marriage to Miss Christine Unple. The first year after their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Bohnet lived in Lodi, but forty-nine years ago they removed to Carpenter's Corners, Pittsfield, where they have since made their home.—Ann Arbor Times.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

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\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00
Annual Excursion to Petoskey, Traverse City and Charlevoix and Return.		
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FERGUSON CARRIAGE WORKS

YPSILANTI, MICHIGAN

gias. A song service was led by Mr. Jackson. Rev. S. H. Browne led a profitable discussion on "The Point of Emphasis in our Work," the decision being that the object of the B. Y. P. U. is to indoctrinate the young in the spiritual life, and to teach them the Bible and the history of the church. The members told also what their unions had done the past year. In the evening the principal feature was a helpful talk by Mrs. Adelaide Jefferson of Grand Rapids on "The Place of Young People in the church." Solos were given by Mrs. Hattie Reid, Misses Elizabeth Jennings and Bernice Reid, and a reading by Miss Mary Jennings.

Saturday was devoted to the Sunday School society the annual sermon on "The Highest Joy" from Hebrews XI, 2, being preached by Rev. J. D. Corrothers, an able sermon. The new officers as elected were: president, A. C. Carter, Adrian; re-elected; vice president, Miss L. Brown, Dowagiac; secretary, Mrs. Addie Jefferson, Grand Rapids; assistant, John Carr, Chain Lake. Rev. W. H. Brown of Whitaker, and Presiding Elder Saunders of Cassopolis, of the A. M. E. church, were introduced to the convention. The discussion on how to improve the modern Sunday school was general, led by Rev. G. D. Smith, and it was conceded that thorough organization, Christian superintendents and teachers, who have the pastor's co-operation and are studious and teach directly the word of God, are among the greatest needs. A paper by Rev. G. W. Carr of Cassopolis, on the mission of the Sunday school, was read by his son. In the evening, there was music by Miss Vera and Melvin White, Miss Gertrude Harris, Miss Bernice Reid, a reading by Mrs. Jefferson, and papers on Sunday school work by Miss Addie Morris, Genieve Jackson and John Carr.

Sunday the pulpits of the Second Baptist and A. M. E. churches were filled by visitors at three services the preachers being Revs. R. Gillard, Ann Arbor; P. McFarland, Benton Harbor; A. A. Hampton, Battle Creek; S. H. Browne, Bay City; J. A. Jackson, Kalamazoo; G. A. Martin, Indianapolis. The meeting next year is at Saginaw.

A Golden Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Bohnet, well known residents and pioneers of Pittsfield township, celebrated their sixty-third wedding anniversary yesterday. Sixty-three guests assembled at their home to help them enjoy the occasion, those present including the children and grandchildren and many of the old neighbors and friends. At 4 o'clock an elaborate dinner was served on the lawn. Many handsome gifts were presented the host and hostess as mementos of the occasion.

Mr. and Mrs. Bohnet are the parents of five children—John A. Bohnet, who has been traveling in the east, but is now in California; Mrs. John Pettibone of Superior, Jacob Bohnet, who resides at the old homestead with his parents, Mrs. Chas. Roberts of the Saline road, and Christian Bohnet, assistant secretary of the Michigan Central at Bay City. All of the children except John, the oldest, were present yesterday, with their families.

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FERGUSON CARRIAGE WORKS

YPSILANTI, MICHIGAN

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of (Old) Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Aloe Senna -
Sulphate of Soda -
Sulphate of Magnesia -
Sulphate of Iron -
Sulphate of Potash -
Sulphate of Lime -
Sulphate of Strontian -
Sulphate of Barium -
Sulphate of Calcium -
Sulphate of Magnesium -
Sulphate of Zinc -
Sulphate of Copper -
Sulphate of Lead -
Sulphate of Silver -
Sulphate of Mercury -
Sulphate of Bismuth -
Sulphate of Antimony -
Sulphate of Arsenic -
Sulphate of Strontian -
Sulphate of Barium -
Sulphate of Calcium -
Sulphate of Magnesium -
Sulphate of Zinc -
Sulphate of Copper -
Sulphate of Lead -
Sulphate of Silver -
Sulphate of Mercury -
Sulphate of Bismuth -
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Sulphate of Arsenic -

A Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.

For Similar Signature of

Dr. H. H. Fitch

NEW YORK.

At 6 months old

35 Doses - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

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In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Portuguese Bullfights.

At Portuguese bullfights not only are the points of the bulls' horns sawed off, but the stumps that remain are carefully padded. The horses also are ridden with consummate skill, and every precaution is taken to prevent the bull touching them. Banderillas are used by the

HOW A GREAT CITY FEEDS "NIGHT HAWKS"

Small Restaurants Where Hoboes and Business Men Sit to Eat, Shoulder to Shoulder.

WAITERS' WONDERFUL VOCABULARY

Used to Have Their Own Description for All Dishes Called for by the Hungry Throng—Tramp Not Always an Important Factor in All-Night Resorts.

Brooklyn—Nocturnal rambles in this great city need never go home hungry, if they feel the pangs of appetite demanding food before they retire and are fearful lest the pantry at home will not furnish material for a "snack." There are in the borough nearly, if not fully, 100 all-night restaurants—places that never close their doors. Of course, that number is small when compared with the list of all-night "joints" in Manhattan, but Brooklyn is essentially a city of homes, and the wonder is that so many places find it profitable to keep open day and night.

Naturally the summer season is the best for this class of restaurants. The surrounding beaches attract multitudes of visitors at night, and the late trolleys carry full loads to various parts of the borough. With its vast network of street railways, Brooklyn

"silverware" so worn that the brass beneath is plainly visible, but the "soft-shells" are done to a turn, and although the place may have no saloon license, one can always get a bottle of cold beer to wash down the succulent sea-food. Steaks, chops and eggs, too, are always in good demand, and to the really hungry man they undoubtedly taste better than the lighter foods.

At one restaurant a sign informs the passer-by that:

For supper we give beefsteak, potatoes, bread and butter, a cup of tea or coffee, one kind of sauce or jelly, a plate of cakes and syrup, all for 20 cents.

Careworn Knight of the Road Seeks His Supper.

At the door of this place was noticed a queer specimen of humanity,

sult was 23 cents, a lead medal, part of a package of cigarettes and a suspender buckle. He slowly counted his cash assets and returned the other articles to his pockets. His resources were more than sufficient to pay for the meal which he plainly had in contemplation, but he hesitated as he looked again at the money.

"No Pie, No Supper," the Tramp's Ultimatum.

"Twenty-three cents," he said to himself, "is two whiskeys or four beers, with a tip-top lunch thrown in. I'm turned hungry, but blame me if I want ter blow in all me cash on grub. Say, boss," he continued, addressing the lone waiter in the place, "do youse throw in a piece o' pie with this 'ere bounteous ree-past?"

"None; pie's extra," was the reply. "That settles it," grumbled the stroller, haughtily. "My esthetic taste demands pie an' less my pampered appetite is satiated with American pie, I eats somewhere else." With that he turned away with a look of real or simulated disgust.

"The bill of fare doesn't seem up to your standard," ventured a guest. "It seems to me a very liberal meal for the money."

"Well, it ain't so worse," responded the hobo, "purty fair fer Brooklyn, but it ain't a market to what you kin get in some cities. Now, in Cincinnati there's cheap joints where they give a meal that'd fill up any man's stomach for 15 cents, one kind o' meat, all the bread an' butter you kin eat, two cups o' tea or coffee, apple sauce, fried spuds, beans or cabbage, an' a hunk o' pie. What do you think o' that?"

"It certainly is a liberal spread. I don't see how they can do it."

"Well, they do, an' they make good big money, too. In New Orleans and San Francisco, the saloons are close competitors of the restaurants. At noon they serve a delicious meal, roast beef, excellent potatoes, with gravy, fresh vegetables, the best bread and butter, a salad and superior dessert—and they give you a drink of the best whisky, all for 25 cents!"

Traveler in Many Lands and a Keen Observer.

The man spoke enthusiastically; his eyes brightened and it was noted quickly that he had quite dropped his hobo dialect.

"You must have been a great traveler," he ventured.

"Yes, sir; I have traveled all over the world. I had money, at one time, though I don't look now as though I had ever been anything but a tramp." He was evidently telling the truth, and his audience wanted to hear more of his adventures. The "tourist" readily accepted an invitation to join in a 20-cent meal, to which he did ample justice. The listener, thinking he would take no chances, suggested that he would take some eggs.

"I wouldn't advise you to do it—here," said the hobo. "An egg is like a woman's character. It must be strictly good, or it isn't any good at all. These restaurants do not supply their patrons with the best eggs, but buy from the cold storage warehouses, where they can buy cheap. It is a healthy hen that can lay good eggs in August."

"You seem well posted on the restaurants of this city," said the listener. "Are there many that give a wholesome meal at reasonable prices?"

"Yes, I may say that the majority of them do. In fact, they will average very well with most large cities. There are a number of popular priced restaurants over the river that serve better food, but they are in locations where they can depend upon a large trade."

"The genus hobo is a large factor in the patronage of a majority of the all-night places. The tramp is too lazy to even eat in the daytime, and what he does eat he usually begs. In the morning he seldom has a cent. He gets a breakfast at some back door, maybe, and then he 'rests' all day. At night he 'cadgers,' or begs, from men who appear to be well fed and good natured, and it is perhaps far into the night before he has 'the price' for a meal. If, after he has had all he wants to drink, he has enough money left, he spends it like a spendthrift. But it is usually drink first, and then eat, for a man who has the price of a drink can always get enough free lunch to last him."

Genus Tramp Is Not Very Frequent Guest.

"But Brooklyn all-night restaurants are freer from the genus tramp than those of any city I have visited. In the summer, particularly, the best patronage of such places comes from parties who have spent the evening and well along toward morning at Coney Island, the Rockaways, Brighton, North and other beaches. The sea air has sharpened their appetites and they feel the need of food before retiring. At the transfer points of the various trolley lines, they notice little eating places, and, as the windows are usually made attractive, the sight tempts them. You will find them at various points along Fulton street, clear out to East New York;

along Broadway, in Williamsburg, on Nostrand, Flushing and Franklin avenues, on Washington, Sands and other streets, not far from the Brooklyn bridge, and elsewhere.

"There is a place I've noticed, but have never gone into it. It is a high-toned negro joint, where the 'Afro-American' sports congregate. It is in the 'dark' district and is a regular 'moke' Delmonico's, with private supper rooms where the negro gamblers take their 'girls' after a 'killing' at craps and spend their money freely. It is undoubtedly one of the most prosperous places in the borough. Then there are a lot of Chinese chop suey joints, where there is nothing doing until long after midnight. You seldom hear of these places, for they are run quietly, and if there are any rough house in them, you may depend upon it the fault is with some unruly patron who has had more drink than is good for him before he entered the Chinaman's place."

"Of the real 'tough' joints that were some years ago so common in New York, there is scarcely one left in the greater city. The police espionage has spoiled their business and they have disappeared, probably forever. Small loss at that, though they did stir up things in the old days. It was no uncommon sight to see fighting, or evidences of fighting, all along the Bowery, and murders were also frequent. Now a murder in such a place comes pretty near putting the business on the blink."

Waiters Gave Orders in Own Vernacular.

"The tough waiter, too, is practically a thing of the past. It used to be so distinctive of waiters to give their orders in a vernacular of their own that imitations were transferred to the stage, and some of them were funny. If a patron wanted a plate of wheat cakes, well browned, the waiter translated it: 'A stack of whites wit' a copper.' If he wanted poached eggs on toast, it was 'Adam an' Eve afloat in midocean, wit' the sunny sides up.' A cup of coffee was, and is, 'Draw one!' If you want it without milk, it is 'Draw one in de dark!' Roast beef rare, with boiled potatoes, would be 'One slaughter-house in de pan wit' de Murphy brudders!'

"One of the funniest things I have heard in a restaurant was a colloquy between a tough waiter and a customer equally tough. The customer had been served, but, on cutting open his potato, he found it was black inside. He motioned to the waiter, who approached.

"Say, cull," he said, good naturedly, "de spud is on de punk. Give us anudder, will you?"

"Sure ting," replied the waiter, taking the offensive potato, and going to the dumbwaiter, where he shouted "Return good for evil!"

"In the same restaurant a man came in and ordered Boston baked beans, without any pork. The waiter's order to the cook was 'One Sunday breakfast for a Boston Hebrew.' 'Well, I must be going,' said the hobo, who had cleaned his plate. 'Sorry to leave you, but I'm afraid my family'll be worried,' and he chuckled at the sarcasm.

"Won't you have another cup of coffee?"

"No, thank you; I never drink but two cups. It might spoil my sleep. Much obliged for the feed, for I have enough to get a good breakfast—or a good drink or two. Most likely it'll be the drinks. Good night."

Indian Claimed Him as Brother.

Congressman Llewellyn Powers, of Maine, besides being a millionaire, is a man of striking appearance. Being tall, lean, with high cheek bones and wearing his coarse, black hair long, he bears some resemblance to the aborigines of this continent. One day, while traveling on a Maine railroad, where "Indians and ministers" ride for half fare, Mr. Powers met a member of the Passamaquoddy tribe in the smoking car and started in to question his copper-colored constituent as to his manner of living and how he liked the tribal relations in Maine. After some minutes of talk Mr. Powers asked: "By the way, which of the two tribes do you belong to?" "Myself bin all Passamaquoddy," replied the Indian. "Wat tribe was you bin?" Before the Boston drummer who sat in adjoining seats had finished laughing Mr. Powers discovered that he had urgent business which called him to the Pullman.

Colombia's Climate.

Although Colombia is geographically in the tropics, some regions, owing to their elevation, have a climate as cool and refreshing all the year round as Vermont in May and September.

Beds in Waiting Rooms.

Waiting rooms with beds are a specialty of railway stations in Sweden. The porter calls the sleepers ten minutes before the arrival of their trains.

First Movable Scenery.

Movable scenery was first used in theaters in 1508. It was invented by Baldassare Peruzzi, and displayed in Rome before Leo X.



MEANS HARD WORK

ONLY WAY TO LIVE IN STUDY OR LIFE.

A Schoolgirl May Conquer Any Study If She Is Resolute—Clever Girls as Well as Dull Must Grind to Obtain Results—Don't Despise What You Can't Understand—Enjoyment Will Come When the Victory Is Won.

BY MARGARET E. SANGSTER.

Dorothy and I have had an argument. She declares that it isn't worth while to work hard at a thing she cannot understand, and that frankly she despises it. Despises is a strong word, but I have noticed that Dorothy and other girls in the sunny-land of the early teens are a wee bit given to the use of strong expression. Perhaps they don't intend to exaggerate and perhaps they do feel that they must underscore their words with vigorous emphasis or else their listeners will only laugh. It is a great trial to girls that grown people, people 15 or 20 years older than they, so generally seem to find them amusing and decline to take them seriously.

However, I do take Dorothy seriously, and when she tells me that she despises partial payments and loathes complex fractions, and never can find her way through the puzzling labyrinth of compound interest, I feel very much like shaking hands with her. I am not ashamed to tell you that I have had my own troubles over those very things. They are puzzling enough let who may tell us the contrary. Yet I am reluctant to believe that there is anything in the region of school study that a clever girl cannot understand, cannot conquer, and cannot make her own, if only she sets her will resolutely to the task, and gives it her full and undivided attention. What girls have done, girls may do, and I for one am always sorry when I see a girl ready to confess herself defeated.

I once knew a very successful teacher. He was so enthusiastic about teaching, so magnetic, so full of fiery energy and of contagious fun that to be in one of his classes was a delight difficult to describe. He compelled every girl to do her best and he left the schoolroom at the end of the day with a conviction not only that he had done the best he could for his pupils, but that they had willingly done their best for him. One day I questioned him. "Professor Blank, which do you prefer, a clever girl or a stupid girl? Where do you work hardest?"

He answered with a smile that lit up the dark rugged face. "How can you ask? The clever girls are bound to learn; they do not especially interest me or call forth my efforts. I find my greatest pleasure in teaching the girls whom you call stupid, but who simply haven't got hold of their work at the right end. I like to draw them out. I like to show them what they can become. I like to help them up their hills of difficulty. There is twice the reward in teaching a dull pupil than there is in teaching a bright one. You see it is usually the case that the dull ones only need waking up and that when they are awake, they go on famously, while the others acquire with such ease that they are soon satisfied and their efforts flag."

I have never been quite sure in my own mind about the professor's conclusions. I myself enjoy clever, keener, sparkling girls like Dorothy and her sister Elizabeth, but then, too, I am very fond of girls of an opposite type; girls like Janet and Nellie, who have to work very faithfully for all they get in the schoolroom. I suppose the truth is that girls appeal to me just because they are girls. One thing I know, and that is that if anybody, clever or dull, wishes to attain a high rank in study, she must grind. Let me put it in capitals—GRIND! Work hardest where you are least attracted. There is no particular credit to be attached to you if you learn with facility. A veteran editor told me one day that the fatal flaw in the work of nine-tenths of the youthful contributors to his magazine was their facility. "They do sketchy things and slovenly things and superficial things," he said, "because they have never learned the value of real work."

HINTS FOR THE HOUSEWIFE

Little Things Worth Reading and Remembering.

For staircases places of old blankets may be folded neatly and placed on each step separately, taking care to cover the edge. This is pleasant and soft to walk on and will make the carpet wear double the time.

Granite wear should not be left to dry over a hot fire, for the heat will cause the outside to scale off.

Pretty, durable curtains for a bookcase or set of shelves are made of brown burlap trimmed with red. The curtain is thrown over a brass rod fastened to the top. Red felt or cotton flannel is used for the border, top and bottom, being feather stitched to the burlap, with red yarn in clusters of six long stitches the middle one longest and the others graduated toward the end. The clusters of stitches are about an inch apart. This makes an inexpensive and very effective curtain.

Shabby oak should be brushed over with warm beer, and when thoroughly dry polished with beeswax and turpentine.

Girls, a tiny diamond flashing like a dewdrop in the sun, or a single lustreous pearl, or green emerald holding the tints of the deep sea in its flashing heart, is worth a cartload of rhinestones. A very little bit of gold is worth more than a yard of gold leaf. What you win by resolute effort is yours forever. You have not only gained a certain amount of knowledge, you have not only mastered a certain theory, or found out how to state a certain proposition, but you have mastered yourself, you have made your mind obey you, and you have become the reader to undertake the next thing that dares to baffle you.

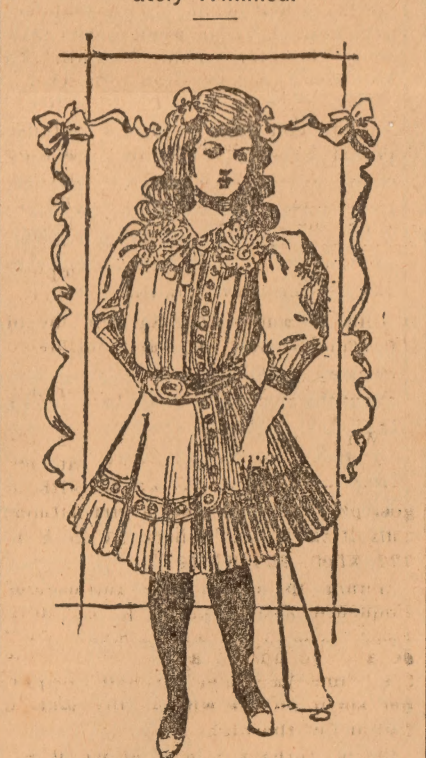
I wouldn't, if I were Dorothy, say quite so broadly that I despised what I did not understand. There is many a mystery that unfolds itself to us in strange beauty, once we have penetrated beyond its gates. There are numbers of things that never reveal to us their secrets simply because we haven't learned their alphabet.

I cannot believe that any schoolgirl of to-day would unwillingly endure to be classed among the lazy and the heedless and the trivial souls, who never see an inch of the way before them. In your last vacation, when you went to the mountains, you started one morning on a long jaunt. You walked and climbed and toiled up a steep and brier-haunted path, scrambling here, slipping there, now falling back, now advancing, but always getting a little higher up. After awhile you reached a place far up the mountainside, where there was a grassy plane and there you stopped to rest. You were paid for all your trouble by the magnificent prospect that lay before you. It is always worth while to climb, girls, and there is never disappointment when you have reached the heights, but sometimes there is hard work before you get there. Usually you will find all through life that she is best paid who works hardest at what she does not so very much enjoy for the moment. The time for enjoyment comes when one has gained the victory.

(Copyright, 1906, by Joseph E. Bowles.)

FOR THE COMING WOMAN.

Pretty Dress of Blue Voile Appropriately Trimmed.



This dress is of blue voile. The skirt is finished with a plaiting, headed by a band of soutache embroidery. Both the skirt and the waist close on the side under a band of heavy Irish lace and fastened with loops of ribbon. The sleeve is plaited into a band of embroidery. The belt is blue louisine ribbon, fastened with a gilt buckle.

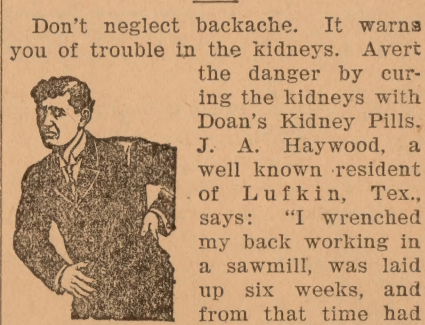
Christening Boxes.

In striking contrast to the many subdued nounce the little one's advent "christening boxes" have now come into favor. They at least have the quality of novelty and are as dainty as one could wish. The boxes are about five inches square and covered with white satin. Embroidered in the right hand corner is a bunch of forget-me-nots, and in the lower left hand corner is the baby's monogram done in silver.

The box is lined with pink and white sugar-coated almonds, over which is a dainty lace napkin.

BACKACHE IS KIDNEYACHE.

Get at the Cause—Cure the Kidneys.



Don't neglect backache. It warns you of trouble in the kidneys. Avert the danger by curing the kidneys with Doan's Kidney Pills. J. A. Haywood, a well known resident of Lufkin, Tex., says: "I wrenched my back working in a sawmill, was laid up six weeks, and from that time had pain in my back whenever I stooped or lifted. The urine was badly disordered and for a long time I had attacks of gravel. After I began using Doan's Kidney Pills the gravel passed out, and my back got well. I haven't had backache or bladder trouble since."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

New Term of Opprobrium.

Frederick Townsend, charged in a London court with maliciously wounding James Ridley, pleaded in justification that Ridley had called him a "Glasgow Irishman."

The First Striking Clock.

According to historians, the first striking clock was imported into Europe by the Persians about 800 A. D. It was brought as a present to Charlemagne, from Abdella, king of Persia, by two monks of Jerusalem.

Schools Spreading in China.

A few years ago the foreign missionary schools were practically the only institutions in Foochow offering facilities for the acquisition of western learning. There are now at least 30 native schools fashioned after the foreign model. Foochow is a city of 600,000 inhabitants, and these schools embrace about 2,000 students. Posters placarded all over the city advertise the opening of various modern schools, which are springing up in every nook and corner of the place. Scarcely a week passes without the announcement of the opening of a new school.

Alum Baking Powder Is Wholesome.

Dr. Herman Reinhold, the expert German chemist, in a recent official report concerning Baking Powders, declares that a pure alum baking powder is better and less injurious than the so-called cream of tartar powders. He says that if the quantity of alum contained in a sufficient quantity of baking powder for a batch of bread or cakes for an ordinary family, be concentrated to one mouthful of food, and taken into the stomach of any one person, no matter how delicate, it could do no harm. On the contrary, alum is wholesome in proper quantity. This is undoubtedly the reason the State of Missouri quickly repealed a law that prohibited the manufacture of the most wholesome of all baking powders. So much for Alum Baking Powders.

GIANT RADISHES OF THE EAST

There the Vegetable Grows to an Enormous Size.

Radishes in North China and in Japan are as important and ubiquitous a part of every meal as is bread in America. In both countries many millions of bushels of this vegetable are grown every year, and they are to be had at all seasons. It is thus easy to understand why these parts of the world grow the strangest and biggest radishes known.

The giants beside the little French Breakfast, our favorite American variety, are but babies beside the monsters they grow under the warm, moist influences of the oriental climate.

These radishes are grown on American soil from seeds imported by the United States department of agriculture from China. They take well to the American climate, and probably would have weighed five pounds when full grown.

When these fellows are grown in China they rapidly form a great brilliant red globe eight to ten inches in diameter and weighing sometimes 20 pounds. Another kind is snow white and grows a foot long, and still another is a brilliant green on the outside and a beautiful wine red when the skin is cut. Some of these strange vegetables are exceedingly delicate in flavor and texture when grown under favorable conditions.

GOOD NIGHT'S SLEEP.

No Medicine so Nervous to Brain and Nerves.

Lying awake nights makes it hard to keep awake and do things in day time. To take "tonics and stimulants" under such circumstances is like setting the house on fire to see if you can put it out.

The right kind of food promotes refreshing sleep at night and a wide awake individual during the day.

A lady changed from her old way of eating, to Grape-Nuts, and says: "For about three years I had been a great sufferer from indigestion. After trying several kinds of medicine, the doctor would ask me to drop off potatoes, then meat, and so on, but in a few days that craving, gnawing feeling would start up, and I would vomit everything I ate and drank."

"When I started on Grape-Nuts, vomiting stopped, and the bloating feeling which was so distressing disappeared entirely."

"My mother was very much bothered with diarrhea before commencing the Grape-Nuts, because her stomach was so weak she could not digest her food. Since using Grape-Nuts she is well, and says she don't think she could live without it."

"It is a great brain restorer and nerve builder, for I can sleep as sound and undisturbed after a supper of Grape-Nuts as in the old days when I could not realize what they meant by a 'bad stomach.' There is no medicine so beneficial to nerves and brain as a good night's sleep, such as you can enjoy after eating Grape-Nuts."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason."

Oriental Woman as Ideal Wife

By EDMUND RUSSELL.

The oriental woman is the most restful in the world.

One cannot know the oriental woman by effort—there are no opportunities save by living in the orient and asking no questions.

Then the realization of all she is gradually quickens and dawns and possesses until she seems to be the most perfect complement of the life of man—that is, of the tired man.

Sir Edwin Arnold, Lafcadio Hearn and Pierre Loti were all tired men.

And there are many others who never raise their heads from the nirvana under the swing punkah to tell their lotus dreams.

The culture of these men was broad. Their experience wide. Their natures lofty. Their choice unlimited.

When Sir Edwin Arnold's relations remonstrated with him, he always simply replied: "She rests me."

The missionaries would try to insinuate some life of barem-like sensuality.

This is not true

The meddling societies fall back on the old Balzacian notion that all a literary man wants for a wife is an illiterate woman who is a good cook and knows just enough to find his slippers—a sort of Marguerite married-and-settled who plays the dea-ex-machina that he may be left alone to commune with Helen of Troy in his poems.

But this also does not fit, for the oriental woman is in no way illiterate; nay, even if she knows not to read or write, she holds the "higher education" of thousands of years, when we were savages, and though she has attained by different process she has attained.

It is her heritage of centuries of holiness, reverence, poetic thought, handed down by those who knew the paths of power attained in the silence.

She is like a flower of the forest and has unfolded without our effort and struggle. The sectional bookcase of her mind was not purchased.

But she must keep oriental and live in seclusion even if the poet bring his treasure home—her veils must not be lifted to the crowd or the bloom will be brushed from the lily.

Put her into corsets, tight boots, high heels and the strenuous, and they will soon have her lecturing at woman's clubs on "Woman Is No Rest-Cure for Man!"

She has always been taught the holiest thing in the world is for a woman to be absorbed in her husband, to be both goddess and slave.

It is difficult for her to adapt herself to dead level of equality.



Brushes That Wear

not tear the hair—brushes that are strong and serviceable, shapely and beautiful—take up quite a bit of our showcase and drawer room. Many forms and sizes ("Military" or single) many prices. And not hair brushes only—tooth brushes, nail brushes, flesh brushes, too. Brush up on brushes.

SMITH BROS.
CITY DRUG STORE
103 Congress Street.

Right Up to Date

Our shelves are loaded down with the latest patterns in

Footwear

If you want an easy, durable, and stylish shoe, apply at our store,

204 CONGRESS ST.

Our Prices Are Right

E. E. TRIM

When a woman sees a piece of dress goods that she likes she will readily pay more for it than take a cheaper piece. That is why many women are ordering

"RICHELIEU" Canned Goods

every day. They are not so very much higher in price than other goods, either—only better in quality.

Richelieu Corn,	15c
Richelieu Peas,	20c
Richelieu Beans,	18c
Richelieu Spinach,	20c
Richelieu Succotash,	15c
Richelieu Lima Beans	15c

Davis & Co.

On the Corner

Bata Insect Oil.

In certain parts of India the oil extracted from a species of mite is used in medicine as an external counter-irritant. The creature is about half an inch long and on pressure exudes an oil of a deep red color. It is only found for a few weeks at the beginning of the rainy season and is, hence, known as the rain insect. E. G. Hill contributes a note on the chemical composition of this oil to the Journal and Proceedings of the Asiatic Society. He concludes that the supposed medicinal virtues of the oil are imaginary and due probably to its red color.

The Benefit of It.

Widow's Daughter—Mother, why do you tell people that I am only eighteen when you know I am twenty-four? Widow—Because eighteen's six years younger than twenty-four. Daughter—Yes, I know, but surely I do not need the benefit of those six years at my age, do I? Widow—Not at all, my child, but I do.—London Telegraph.

Talking on a High Level.

We once heard Mr. Morley in a linguistic predicament as it is rare that when he and Mr. Gladstone sat down to talk both unconsciously stiffened their backs and looked to their periods.—London Outlook.

The Only One In His Class.

Mrs. Gottrox—I don't send Reggie to a public school because he is so unlike other boys. He has a private tutor of his own. Mr. Blunt—I see. Your boy is, as you might say, in a class by himself.—New York Herald.

Too Swift.

"Do you think the opportunity ever occurs the man?" "Yes, but some men go at such a rapid pace it can't catch up with them."—Detroit Free Press.

The Ypsilantian.

Established January 1, 1880
W. M. OSBAND, Editor and Proprietor
The YPSILANTIAN is published each Thursday afternoon, from the office, Savings Bank Building, entrance from Congress street.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
Payable in Advance.
Family Edition, eight pages—Per year, \$1.50.
Local Edition, four pages—Per year, \$1.00.
Advertising rates reasonable, and made known on application.

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YPSILANTI, AUG. 30, 1906

Legislative Convention.

A republican convention to nominate a candidate for the legislature from the Second district of Washtenaw County, will be held in Cleary Hall, Ypsilanti, on Wednesday, September 12, 1906, at 11 o'clock a. m. The townships and precincts are entitled to delegates as follows:

Augusta.....	8
Bridgewater.....	3
Freedom.....	4
Lodi.....	4
Manchester.....	10
Pittsfield.....	4
Saline.....	9
Scio.....	8
Sharon.....	4
Superior.....	4
York.....	9
Ypsilanti.....	6
Ypsilanti City—	
First Ward.....	10
Second Ward.....	5
Third Ward.....	7
Fourth Ward.....	3
Fifth Ward.....	5

F. M. FREEMAN,
JOHN K. CAMPBELL,
GEO. M. GAUDY,
Committee.

Republican Canvases.

The republican electors of the city of Ypsilanti will meet in caucus on Wednesday evening, September 5, at 7:30 o'clock standard time, for the purpose of electing delegates to the second legislative district convention to be held September 12, 1906, at Cleary College Hall in said city. The number of delegates to the convention from each ward and the place of meeting are as follows:

First ward—D. C. Griffin's office—8 delegates.
Second ward—Quirk Block—5 delegates.
Third ward—Common Council Chamber—8 delegates.
Fourth ward—Old Engine House—4 delegates.
Fifth ward—Worden's shop—7 delegates.
By order Republican City Committee.
CASSIUS M. WARNER,
Chairman.

The New School Year.

The school year opens Monday September 4, with the annual election of two trustees, during the day, and in the evening, the business meeting at which the result of the election will be announced, annual reports read, and appropriations voted.

It is gratifying to know that the school tax will be \$6,000 less than last year. This drop arises from the largely increased tax paid by the railroads and which goes to pay teachers. Just what this amount will be is not yet known, but the board consider in safe to estimate \$8,000, and should the amount exceed this to hold it in reserve for another year. Whatever the excess, it will bear interest at 3 1/2 per cent, and help to lighten the tax another year. The policy of the board is conservative and wise, and far better than any plan looking like extravagance. Especial attention is called to the notice of the school meeting in another column, and to the superintendent's report as well as those of the secretary and treasurer.

The schools will open with bright prospects, the corps of teachers being complete and everything in readiness throughout the buildings. The district has abundant reason to thank the board for their untiring zeal and devotion to the highest interests of the schools and no better thing can be done than to elect the outgoing members to another term. The board is harmonious and the schools, prosperous. Let the public do their part to keep them so.

Hetherly—Fullington.

At the home of her brother, A. J. Fullington in this city Saturday evening, Miss Frances Fullington was married to James Hetherly of Aspen, Col., by Rev. Eugene Allen. The bride and groom were unattended except for little Miss Dorothy Fullington as ring bearer. The wedding was a quiet home ceremony, and the house was prettily decorated with pink and white asters. The bride wore a beautiful gown of white net, trimmed with lace and ribbon, and the ring bearer wore white mull. Mr. and Mrs. Hetherly left that evening for Denver and Aspen, where the groom is engaged in mining. Miss Fullington is a Normal College graduate and has taught for three years at Aspen. She has a host of friends in this vicinity who wish her all joy.

State Fair Detroit August 30, Sept. 7, 1906.

For the above occasion the Michigan Central will sell tickets to Detroit and return for one fare for the round trip plus 50c for ticket of admission to the fair grounds. Return limit of ticket Sept. 8th. For full particulars call or phone E. E. MOWRER, Ticket Agent.

..Subscribe for The Ypsilantian..

The Indian Association Work.

Mrs. A. S. Quinton gave a very interesting account of the work of the National Indian Association Friday at the Presbyterian church. Twenty-seven years ago a few Christian women of Philadelphia, of whom she was secretary, organized to influence the government to keep its Indian treaties. The work widened as they learned that the treaties were themselves iniquitous, and extended to the improvement of Indian conditions in all respects. This was the first organization to petition that Indians be made citizens and hold lands in severalty, and the present fair-dealing of the government with its wards is largely due to their work. They are trying to get relief for the Indians of Northern California, and already some steps have been taken by the government to improve the bad conditions.

The association at first opposed the opening of the Indian territory to settlement, but has come to see that it is best for the Indian to live under the same law as the whites, and that a different government has no place in the republic.

Indians were thought by the government at first to be fit only for plain farming, to which many are not at all suited. The industrial schools have changed that, and Indians have won high rank as professional men and women, artists, engineers, mechanics and fancy farmers. Under good treatment, the Indians are increasing in population, there being now 284,000 of them, of whom 71 per cent have adopted civilized living and 40,000 of whom are church members. But there are about forty tribes or remnants of tribes living in heathenism because the Gospel and civilization have never been brought to them. These the association tries to reach. It is supplemental to the mission work of the churches, and goes to those the churches have no means of reaching. Its policy is to start a mission to some destitute tribe, get land and buildings and interest, and then turn it over to any church board of missions that can carry it on. They have turned over thousands of dollars' worth of property in this way. There are now 25,000 Indians at school, and 304 schools.

Politically, the Indian has better conditions. Of the 61 Indian agents, 46 are now under civil service and can be turned out for misconduct, and the privilege to become citizens will in time do away with agents.

The Indians are eager for the Gospel, and Mrs. Quinton told of many interesting and admirable qualities that belie the popular conception of Indian nature.

The association publishes a very interesting magazine, "The Indian's Friend," at 50 cents a year. Everyone who pays anything to the cause becomes a member of the association. "Wigwam Bands" of children have dues of only 5 cents. A committee or branch of the association has been formed in Ypsilanti. The chairman is Miss E. P. Stewart, the secretary, Mrs. W. L. McCullough, and the treasurer, Miss Henrietta Weir, and the other members are Mrs. G. M. Gaudy, Miss Lydia Spencer and Mrs. Dewitt Spaulsby. It is hoped to gain a large membership, as the work is inter-denominational and is in addition to the church work. Literature may be obtained from the committee.

Teachers in the Public Schools, for the Year 1906-07.

W. B. ARBAUGH, Superintendent.
Central Building.
High School.
Franklin U. Quillin, Principal—Latin and History.
DeForrest Ross, Science.
Carrie A. Hardy, Mathematics.
Winifred Childs, English.
Frank J. Wheeler, Latin and Mathematics.
Ida E. Roberts, Biology and History.
Edith Thomas, English.
Breta M. Brigham, German and French.
Mildred Smith, Librarian.
Grades.
Mrs. Frank Vott, Eighth.
Zella Beardsley, Eighth.
Edith Steere, Seventh.
Harriet Shankland, Sixth.
Charlotte King, Fifth.
Grace Gilbert, Fourth.
May Beardsley, Third.
Adelaide Thomas, Second.
Lettie Scott, First.

Woodruff School.
Lorena Van Buren, Seventh.
Mildred Orr, Sixth.
LaVerne Garratt, Fifth.
Alma Stumpfenhusen, Fourth.
Lucile Hoyt, Third.
Lucia Densmore, (Principal), Second.
Henrietta Weir, First.

Prospect School.
Minnie Maegle, Fifth and Sixth.
Winifred Gibbons, Third and Fourth.
May Webb, First and Second.

Adams School.
Mrs. Anna C. Alexander, Third and Fourth.
Loleata Wise, First and Second.

Special Teachers.
Drawing and Manual Training, Una DeVoe.
Domestic Science, Jessie Swaine.
Music, Fred T. Daley.

Postmaster Lister Honored.

Postmaster W. N. Lister of this city was elected vice president of the Michigan Postmasters' association at their Detroit meeting last week, a well-deserved honor, as the work Mr. Lister has done in improving and enlarging the service in this city has become somewhat noted in the department annals.

The convention was fortunate in having four prominent department officials with them, Chief Inspector Vicary and Assistant Postmaster General Madden among them, who explained the purposes of the department and what is expected of the service, giving much valuable help and practical hints.

A Sudden Death.

It was a great shock to many Ypsilanti people when the news became known yesterday that Sherman Robbins had dropped dead while at work on the Hoyt house on Forest avenue. He had telephoned the store for more material and laughingly begun his work, when suddenly he fell over and passed away a few minutes. Aid was summoned but it was too late. Some who had talked with him early in the day thought he did not seem well, but he had not complained. His wife and two younger children were at Midland and Dr. Dickerson telegraphed at once. The two older boys are at home. Mr. Robbins was about 41 years old, an industrious, faithful worker, and generally popular with those for whom he worked. He had been with the LeFurge and Harding & Shaefer stores for years, and for a time had a little shop of his own. His death will be genuinely regretted. Coroner Burchfield came down last night, but will hold no inquest.

St. Luke's S. S. Excursion.

The tenth annual excursion of St. Luke's Sunday school will take place Saturday, Sept. 8th. Belle Isle has been selected as the objective point and the details of the excursion will be in charge of Rev. Wm. Gardam and Mr. D. P. Sullivan. Special cars will leave the D. Y. & A. A. waiting room at 8:20 a. m. Luncheon will be served in the pavilion on the island at noon, and the various points of interest, including the aquarium, the flowers, and the animals will be visited during the day. The return journey will be made at 5 p. m. from the waiting room at Belle Isle Bridge. Round trip tickets 50 cents, and may be had of Rev. Wm. Gardam, Mr. D. P. Sullivan, Mr. Arthur Sullivan, or any of the teachers.

Church Services

The Methodist, Baptist and Congregational Young People's Societies will hold a union service at the Congregational church at 6.

Baptist Church—Rev. A. J. Hutchins, pastor.
Morning service, 10; Sunday school, 11:30; Junior meeting, 3.

Prof. D. F. Ross will preach in the morning.

Congregational Church—Rev. A. G. Beach, pastor.
Morning service, 10; Sunday school, 11:30.

Morning sermon by Rev. A. G. Beach; evening union service, Rev. H. M. Morey, preacher.

Free Methodist Mission—Rev. J. G. Anderson, pastor.
Free Methodist Mission, 316 Huron street. Services Tuesday and Friday evenings at 7; Sunday at 2:30 and 7.

Methodist Church—Rev. Eugene Allen, pastor.
Morning service, 10:00; Sunday school, 11:30.
Rev. H. M. Morey will preach in the morning.

Presbyterian Church—Rev. C. C. McIntire, pastor.

Morning service at 10; Sunday School, 11:30; Junior C. E., 3:30.
Communion Sunday morning, subject of meditation, "My Flesh and My Blood."

St. John's Catholic church—Rev. Frank Kennedy, pastor.
Low mass, 7:30; high mass, 10; Sunday school, 11:30; Vespers, 7:30. Morning service week days at 7:30.

St. Luke's Episcopal Church—Rev. Wm. Gardam, pastor.

Services in St. Luke's Church, Sunday next, 12th Sunday after Trinity: Morning prayer, 9; Holy communion, sermon, 10 a. m.; Sunday school, 11 a. m.; Evening service, 5.

The vested choir under Fred Daley will render the services Sunday next, both morning and evening.

Christian Science services are held in the basement of the Savings Bank Building, corner Congress and Huron streets, Sunday at 10:00 a. m. standard; Wednesday, 7:00 p. m. standard; Sunday school, 11:15 standard.
Subject of Lesson Sermon for Sept. 2, "Substance."

Low Rate Commutation Tickets.

The Michigan Central will sell 54-ride commutation tickets between Ypsilanti and Detroit and Ypsilanti and Ann Arbor at exceptionally low rates, good for sixty days instead of thirty as heretofore. For full particulars call at ticket office or phone 9195 E. E. MOWRER, Ticket Agent.

Buildings Moved and Raised.

If you want your building moved or raised let me make you a price before leaving your contract.

CHARLES COMSTOCK,
227 S. Prospect St.

For Sale or Exchange.

I offer my fine residence on E. Forest avenue for sale or exchange.

I have also a nice little farm, 35 acres, with good buildings to exchange for city property. A. BOND, 725 Forest avenue E., Ypsilanti, Mich.

Save Money

By ordering your newspapers and magazines through EUGENE STRANG. Monthly magazines, ten cents a year, and upwards; daily papers, one dollar a year, and upwards. Dec. 1.

WANTED—A farm near Ypsilanti of 20 to 40 acres. No fancy prices entertained. Inquire at the office of THE YPSILANTIAN, Ypsilanti, Mich. tf

Excursion.

On Sunday September 2nd the Michigan Central will sell tickets to Detroit and return for 50c good going on special train leaving Ypsilanti at 10:00 a. m. returning leave Detroit at 6:45 p. m. For particulars call at ticket office or phone E. E. MOWRER.

Additional Mere Mention.

Miss Florence Swaine has resigned her position in our schools to accept a position in the Detroit schools. Miss Adelaide Thomas, a Normal graduate who has been teaching at Menominee, succeeds her here. Miss Swaine was one of the best teachers in the city.

Word has been received from Consul Winans that Iquique did not suffer in the recent earthquake and that he leaves for home Sept. 4.

Pat O'Neill, the 9-year-old son of Edward O'Neill, who was found wandering about the streets Friday and said his father refused to provide for him and his uncle had turned him out, will be sent to one of the Catholic homes by Rev. Fr. Kennedy. The child is very bright and anxious to go to school.

Maj. Gen. R. H. G. Minty, formerly colonel of the Fourth Michigan Cavalry, of which Capt. H. S. Boutell, A. Kenney, Nelson Tuttle and other Ypsilanti men were members, died Aug. 24. He had a brilliant record and was highly esteemed by his men.

The annual re-union of the Fletcher family was held at S. H. Fletcher's home yesterday with forty-one present. A group picture was taken of the sister and four brothers and their families. The next meeting will be at Detroit with Mrs. Lynn Dowling.

Miss A. Lockhart has gone to the Soo, Miss Cora Roehm to Central Lake, and Miss Mary Thomas to Brainerd, Minn., all to teach.

John F. Post, who has been ill for a long time, died Tuesday, aged 65 years and 11 months. He leaves a widow and six children. The funeral will be Friday at 10 at the residence.

Hon. J. K. Campbell is lecturing in Hillsdale and Tuscola counties this week. Mrs. Alice P. Kimball is at Bay City this week.

Prof. and Mrs. M. S. W. Jefferson were St. Clair visitors Friday.

Miss Mabel Sperry of the Cleary College has completed her course and left Monday for her home in Bismark, North Dakota.

Mrs. J. B. Kinne, Miss Florence Kinne and Mrs. C. J. Bartlett and children visited friends at the St. Clair Flats last week.

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. C. F. R. in hart were given a treat Friday evening, when their night-blooming cereus opened. The blossom was of great size and exquisite beauty and fragrance, and many enjoyed its opening.

Mrs. Minnie Hickman and Frederick Davis of this city were married by Rev. C. S. Patton at Ann Arbor last week.

The marriage of Miss Mabel L. Clark and Dr. DeWitt Sherwood of Detroit, son of George R. Sherwood of Ypsilanti township, took place last evening at the home of the bride's father, Spencer D. Clark, east of Denton, Rev. A. G. Beach performing the ceremony. The maid of honor was Miss Susan R. Smith of Detroit and the best man the groom's college class mate, Dr. Thomas J. Callan of Detroit. The house was prettily decorated with flowers, and about fifty guests were present.

Miss Zoe Kimball leaves next week for Santa Ana, Cal., to supervise the drawing in the public schools.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. L. Smith have returned from Mullett Lake.

The Ypsilanti canning factory shipped its first carload of tomatoes to the Berdan firm in Toledo this week, and expects to send on two carloads weekly.

The late Mrs. Kate Gilbert willed to the Ladies' Library a fine picture of "American Authors", and by her request a beautiful gothic hall chair was given it by Mrs. Anna May Lyon, who has also generously given Mrs. Gilbert's books to the Library, a much appreciated gift of over 200 volumes.

Park Commissioner Perkins takes exception to the idea that Prospect Park sidewalk be paid from the park fund. The ordinance says the decision of the park commissioner shall be final as to all improvements and expenditures in the park, and he never authorized this walk. The aldermen have only advisory functions as to park funds, but the council unanimously ordered this walk to be built, thereby assuming the city's responsibility for its payment. The mayor vetoed the resolution charging it to the park fund, so it will come up Monday night.

Mrs. Fritz Gleim of Coblenz, Germany, formerly Miss Mollie Bassett, is visiting old friends here.

One of the finest if not the finest herd of steers that were ever shipped from this station passed through Ypsilanti Saturday morning. It consisted of 40 head, 3-year-old steers, which Mr. F. W. Horner had fed during the summer. They averaged 145 pounds each and were shipped to Buffalo. It anybody can beat this record let him trot out his figures.

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Crittenden and Mrs. N. E. Crittenden attended the Crittenden reunion at Jackson Thursday. A. D. Crittenden of Saline was re-elected president and Ypsilanti was chosen as next year's meeting place.

The Normal training school will open Sept. 19.

Dr. William Pattison of Oklahoma spent yesterday in the city and next week he and his wife will come for a longer visit. Dr. Pattison has found the fountain of youth in the new country and is warm in praise of the new state-to-be.

The soldier's reunion at Packard's today is not the regular Twentieth Michigan Infantry reunion, which occurs at Jackson Sept. 12, with headquarters at the Blackman hotel, 178 West Main St. Send 50 cents dues to Secretary J. T. Hammond at Jackson.

Itching piles provoke profanity, but profanity won't cure them. Doan's Ointment cures itching, bleeding or protruding piles after years of suffering. At any drug store.

FURNACES

Now is the time to consider how you are going to keep warm this winter.

If you are thinking of putting in a furnace, let us look your house over and give you our figures.

All work guaranteed first-class.

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115 Congress Street, Ypsilanti.

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VIA

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RATES MUCH REDUCED

Round Trip Ticket Includes State Fair Coupon

EXTRA CARS WILL BE RUN

ROOM FOR ALL

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THE DEPOT HARDWARE

BOTH PHONES

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CALL AT THE

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AND SEE THE

NICEST LINE OF PIANOS

Ever shown in Ypsilanti. They will be sold on easy monthly payments. We also have Pianos for rent on easy terms, and a full line of

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Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Novel Laxative.